THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,388—NEW SERIES, BOMBAY:—MONDAY, JULY 17, 1911. PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
22nd July	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
29th "	EGYPT	8000	...	...
5th Aug	SALSETTE	6000	INDIA	8020
12th "	PERSIA	5000	...	...
19th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	10500
26th "	CALEDONIA	8000	...	...
2nd Sept	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
9th "	OCEANA	7000	...	...
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
23rd "	ARABIA	5000	...	...
30th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10050
7th Octr	EGYPT	8000	...	...
14th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
21st "	PERSIA	8000	...	...
28th "	MANTUA b	11000	CHINA	8020

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

b "MANTUA" proceeds direct to LONDON via MALTA and passengers for MARSEILLES tranship at PORTSAID to the "CHINA."

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

6th Jan.	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
13th "	PERSIA	8000	...	...
20th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10000
27th "	OCEANA	6610	...	...
3rd Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
10th "	CHINA	8000	...	...
17th "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
24th "	ARABIA	5000	...	...
2nd Mar.	MACEDONIA	10350	...	...
9th "	EGYPT	8000	...	...
16th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
23rd "	*ARCADIA	7000	...	...
30th "	PERSIA	8000	...	...
6th April.	MARMORA	10500	...	...
13th "	MOOLTAN	10000	...	...
20th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	11000
27th "	MANTUA	11000	...	...
4th May.	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12500
11th "	ARABIA	5000	...	...
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
	EGYPT	8000	...	...

All the above Mail Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The S.S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, 20th MARCH, 1912, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 742 or Rs. 891
To London by S.S.	Rs. 528 or Rs. 627	Rs. 792 or Rs. 940

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are Issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. O. SYMES,
Superintendent.

SOCIETA NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct.

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE Transhipping at PORT SAID.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. Balduino	4,580	D. Maganzine	15th July 1911
R. Rubattino	4,580	L. Manchini	15th Aug. 1911
D. Balduino	4,580	D. Maganzine	15th Sept. 1911

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Tickets	Rs. 500	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years	Rs. 750*	Rs. 525	Rs. 247-8

*Inside Cabins, Rs. 400 Single and Rs. 600 Return.

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application,

Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples, or Genoa. 1st Class, Rs. 740; Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their Journey at any port en route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY to COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE and HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Ischia	6,000	G. Belsito	16th July 1911
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	16th Aug. 1911
Ischia	6,900	G. Belsito	16th Sept. 1911

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140 to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean Black Sea, and American Ports issued.

Subject to alterations.

For further particulars apply to—

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

CLARKES B. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock;

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time.	Route via.
Kola	1695	Thurs. 20th July	9 a.m.	direct.
Lhasa	2184	Fri. 21st July	6 a.m.†	direct.

†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer,

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "Kola," 1205 tons, on Thursday, 20th July calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad,

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Madura," 1956 tons, sailing on or about Wednesday, 19th July, calling at ports as inducement offers, for particulars of which apply to the Undersigned,

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Pundua," 3805 tons, sailing on or about Thursday 10th August, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

A Steamer sailing on or about 29th July,

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand,

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

17th July, 1911.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captain.	To Sail on THURSDAY
Salazie	4,147	Riquier	3rd Aug. 1911.
Ville de la Ciotat	6,378	Eschenauer	31st Aug. 1911.
Australien	6,365	Aumeran	28th Sept. 1911.
Nera	5,533	Casanova	26th Oct. 1911.
Yarra	4,142	...	21st Dec. 1911.
Polynesien	6,363	X ...	18th Jan. 1912.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares,

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
Nera	5,533	Casanova	11th Aug. 1911.
Oceanien	4,143	X	8th Sept. 1911.

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Albert Building Hornby Road. Agent.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—

ANCHOR LINE SAILINGS,

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	22rd July 1911.
Castalia	6383	J. Hamilton	7th Aug. "
Elysia	6363	W. Robertson	21st " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	8th Sept. "
Olympia	5124	G. Mitchell	23rd " "
Circassia	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	9th Oct. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st " "
Castalia	6383	J. Hamilton	4th Nov. "
Elysia	6363	A. Haig	18th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	4th Dec. "
Olympia	5124	G. Mitchell	20th " "
Circassia	6716	C. F. Osborne R.N.R.	3rd Jan. 1912
Scindia	5106	W. Kelso	23rd " "
Castalia	6383	J. Hamilton	7th Feb. 1912

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

			Leave Bombay about.
Elysia	6363	A. Haig	26th Feb. 1912
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	9th Mar. "
Olympia	5124	G. Mitchell	24th " "
Circassia	6716	C.F. Osborne R.N.R.	8th Apr. "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	23rd " "
Castalia	6383	J. Hamilton	4th May "
Elysia	6363	A. Haig	17th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	3rd June "

Schedule of the revised rates of fares from Bombay Homeward ports by the Anchor Line steamers:—

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	957
Bombay to New York	" 803	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay

For any further information regarding passage apply to the undersigned,

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office

SHIPPING.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA:	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON:	GRINDLAY & Co.

BANKS.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	... Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	... " 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS	... " 16,850,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Nagasaki
Bombay	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tiehling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo
Fengtien (Mukden)	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:

16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD

CAPITAL (Paid up) ..... Rs. 20,00,000

RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) ..... Rs. 28,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

E. E. SAVI,
Acting Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up ..... Gold $ 3,250,000,000

RESERVE FUND and undivided profits ..... Gold $ 3,460,398,39

LONDON OFFICE: 36, Bishopsgate, E.C.—

BRANCHES:

Bombay,	Cebu,	San Francisco,
Calcutta,	Shanghai,	Washington,
Singapore,	Hankow,	Mexico,
Hongkong,	Peking,	Panama,
Canton,	Yokohama,	Colon.
Manila.	Kobe,	Empire.

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and cable transfers on the principal cities of Europe, American Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNTS opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months on which interest is allowed at 4½ per cent. per annum and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

FOR FLOWERS, Fruit, for Iced-drinks and Ices Hawkes Cut-Glass is the most effective in the world.

The colour is a pure, flawless white; the cutting delicate, daring and clean; the decoration always restrained by taste,—never over charged; an ever-varying display of graceful line and refined feeling.

Judges of good glass cite "Hawkes" as the perfected type.

We invite your attention to our complete assortment.

Those who are attracted by artistic table service or seeking distinctive wedding gifts will view the designs assembled at our establishment with special interest.

Many simple pieces and a wide choice of the more embellished "Hawkes."

MARCKS & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.

MERCHANTS AND CONTRACTORS,

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

"ATTENTION," "ATTENTION."

LARGE STOCK OF

SINGAPORE

CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, TABLES AND EASY CHAIRS

have now arrived.

An early visit requested for a pick of good and well-designed of these articles.

HAM, BACON AND CHEESE.

PRIME'S CUMBERLAND HAM	in canvas	... Rs.	1-2 per lb.
"	"	" cooked on cut ... "	2-8 "
BEST WILTSHIRE BACON		" ... Re.	1-0 "
FINEST GRUYERE CHEESE		" ... "	1-0 "
PRIME'S ENGLISH CHEDDAR		" ... "	1-0 "
MIDGET GOUDAS, in tins		each ... "	1-0
CREME DE LA CREME, in tins about 4lbs. each		... Rs.	3-0

FRESH CONSIGNMENTS BY EVERY THROUGH MAIL

MONGINI BROTHERS,

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

Telephone No. 325. Telegrams:—"MONGIBROS,"—BOMBAY.

DR. DE ROOS' MEDICINES HAVE AN UNRIVALLED REPUTATION OF OVER FIFTY YEARS.

DR. DE ROOS' WORLD-FAMED GUTTÆ VITÆ

Or, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.

This extraordinary rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and speedily restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency or the Vital Forces, owing to dissipation, worry, overwork, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cures in patients who had been given up by the faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, impurity and poorness of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour in place of lassitude and incompetency. Price 11s. or four times that quantity, 33s. per Bottle.

Dr. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness across the loins, Sandy or other Deposits, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 2s. 9d.

Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled. 13½d. and 2s. 9d. per Box.

Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailments. The first dose gives relief, and in all ordinary cases a few days only are necessary to effect a cure. Price 13s. 9d. per Box.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. DE ROOS' Medicine bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

DEBILITATED and NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. DE ROOS, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Price 1s., post free from Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 64 Regd Court, Holborn, London, W.C., or obtainable of the Agents for Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines.

10,000 MILES

On one set of Dunlop Tyres!!! This is not an exceptional case but is one of many.

The letter was written by Mr. H. J. Bath of Badger Heath near Wolverhampton on Jan. 5, 1911, to Mr. Cureton, Managing Director of the Sunbean Motor Car Coy., Ltd., Wolverhampton.

"The Dunlop grooved tread tyres supplied with my 12-16 Sunbeam in December, 1909, have now run over 10,000 miles. . . I am selling the car with the tyres still on, so I don't know how much further they will do. I suppose you will take the credit for the car being light on the tyres, but the tyres must be made of good stuff, too, because they had a bad start, with 1,000 miles in the New Forest over unrolled flints. Needless to say, I shall have the same make of tyres on the new car."

DUNLOPS ARE THE BEST.

MADRAS OFFICE: ... ... 188 c, Mount Road.
BOMBAY OFFICE: ... ... 3, Wallace Street.

150° "SHELL" BRAND CASE OIL. 150°

"SHELL" "SHELL"

150°

It is no longer necessary to pay an extravagant price to obtain the best oil.

HAVE YOU TRIED

"SHELL"?

It is the finest American Case Oil.

OTHER 150° OIL COSTS Rs. 6 PER CASE.

REFINED and PACKED in AMERICA. 150° TEST

NO SMOKE and NO SMELL.

"SHELL" COSTS Rs. 5-4 PER CASE.

DON'T allow your Butler or Grocer to decide what Brand of oil you burn

SEE THAT YOU GET

"SHELL"

THE BEST OIL FOR THE BEST LAMPS.

"SHELL" "SHELL"

150° 150°

IMPORTED BY

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO, LD,
GRAHAMS BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

GRIMAULT & Co.'s ENERGICAL SYRUP"

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS:

V. C. DASTUR & CO.,

PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.

Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS, Rs. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL

Is the only remedy for CHOLERA, Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE

Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour, Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS

Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness, Rs. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER

scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT

Cures in a day, As. 4 per pot.

SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY

DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA.

WARLI LABORATORY DADAR, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATION.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per P. & O. S. N. Company's s. s. "EGYPT," from LONDON, and INTERMEDIATE PORTS, are hereby informed of the vessel's arrival, and requested to take immediate delivery of their goods landed at No. 12 Shed, Victoria Dock.

Captain Ericson, the Surveyor, will attend every morning, to survey damaged packages. All claims in this respect must be preferred to the undersigned within 7 days from the date of discharge, and Bills should be presented for payment within one month from the steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.

No Surveys will be held on bag cargo packed in single gunnies only, or on goods removed from the landing Shed.

W. C. SYMES,
SUPERINTENDENT,
P. & O. S. N. Co.

THE TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER SUPPLY COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER SUPPLY COMPANY, LIMITED, are prepared to receive on and after Wednesday, the second day of August, 1911, (between 11 A.M. and 5 P.M.) applications for the supply of Electrical Energy under the Bombay (Hydro-Electric) License of 1907, on the following terms:—

1. Cotton Mills of 600 or more Indicated Horse Power, requiring not less than 300,000 Board of Trade Units per quarter annum, under Contract for a period of Ten years will receive electrical energy, for power application, at the rate of ·55 anna per unit of electricity consumed, having all electrical driving plant and equipment installed and maintained by and at the cost of the Company. A Contract for Ten years will be renewable for a further Five years.

2. Cotton Mills as in No. 1, under Contract for a period of Five years will receive electrical energy, for power application, at the rate of ·55 anna per unit, but will be called upon to bear the cost of electrical driving plant and equipment, including cables from the Company's mains. A Contract for Five years will be renewable for a further Ten years.

3. For lighting of factory premises where power is used in accordance with conditions of 1 and 2 a special charge of 1·25 anna per unit will be made for electrical energy so used.

4. Applications will also be entertained in respect of Cotton Mills under construction or in contemplation at the above rates.

5. Electrical energy for power usage may be supplied to other classes of consumers requiring not less than 500,000 units per annum on terms not exceeding the following:

(a) A standard charge for service at the rate of Rs. 10 per electrical horse power, per quarter annum, for the supply of which the Licensees are required to make provision, and

(b) In addition, a charge for current determined by meter as follows:—

For the first 50,000 units consumed in any one quarter year—at the rate of 1 anna per unit

For all units consumed in any one quarter year between 50,000 and 200,000—at the rate of ·7 anna per unit.

Amounts over 200,000 units consumed in any one quarter year—at the rate of ·5 anna per unit.

6. Other industries requiring less normal horse-power capacity of plant to drive but working longer hours than the Cotton Mills, or working at nights may receive special rates which will be determined according to probable load factor.

7. The amount of available power as appears at present is about 30,000 horse power.

"12. The licensees shall, as soon as conveniently may be but not later than nine months after the registration of the Company contemplated by Clause 15 hereunder, publish by advertisement in the "Bombay Government Gazette" and in three local daily newspapers, the detailed conditions under which they propose to supply energy under this license and inviting applications for such supply upon a date therein mentioned not later than four weeks from the date of the first publication of such advertisement. Applications for supply of energy shall be dealt with by the licensees in priority according to the terms of Clause 12 of the Bombay Hydro-Electric License as per margin.

APPLICATION FOR SUPPLY OF POWER.

8. Forms of application and of the Agreements embodying terms and conditions which applicants will have to sign on acceptance of their applications, may be obtained at the Company's Offices, Navsari Buildings, Fort, Bombay.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, up to 1 P.M. (Bombay Time), on WEDNESDAY, the 30th day of August, 1911, for the SUPPLY of 7,000 CASKS OF CEMENT.

2. Form of Contract, Specification, etc., may be obtained free of charge from the undersigned, who will, on application, give any further information that may be required.

3. Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 2,200 to be paid to the Chief Accountant in cash, or public securities, and to be forfeited in case of withdrawal of Tender, or of refusal to sign the Contract.

4. A further payment to make the total deposit equivalent to 10 per cent. on the Contract amount will have to be made by the Contractor, whose Tender may be accepted.

5. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
KAIKHOSHRO N. R. RANINA,
Ag. Storekeeper, Municipality.
Storekeeper's Office,
Chinchpokli, 11th July, 1911.

NOTICE.

WAGON STOCK FOR THE NORTH WESTERN STATE RAILWAY.

SEALED TENDERS superscribed "Tenders for the construction of Wagons," are invited to reach the office of the Secretary to the Railway Board at Simla, not later than 12 o'clock noon, on MONDAY, the 31st July, 1911, (at which place, time and date they will be opened), for the construction and delivery of the following 2' 6" gauge bogie wagons for the North Western State Railway during the year 1911-1912.

(a) 20 Bogie covered goods wagons.
(b) 10 Bogie high sided wagons.
(c) 3 Bogie trucks (platform).

Specifications and drawings can be obtained on payment of Rs. 20 (which should be sent to the Examiner of Accounts, North Western State Railway, Lahore) per set for each description of vehicle, from the Carriage and Wagon Superintendent's Office, North Western State Railway, Moghalpura, Punjab.

Tenderers should specify place of delivery. The Railway Board do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender, or to assign reason for non-acceptance.

R. C. VOLKERS,
Secretary, Railway Board.
Simla, Dated the 3rd July, 1911.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited by 1 o'clock, on MONDAY, the 24th July, 1911, for constructing quarters for two subhedars in the compound of the Police Office and Lines, near the Arthur Crawford Market. Value of work about Rs. 15,636. Further particulars may be obtained at the office of the Undersigned. Tender forms will be issued on payment of the usual fees during office hours either on personal application or by Agents. The Superintending Engineer, Northern Division, reserves the right to reject any Tender or Tenders, and no reason will be given for the acceptance or the rejection of any Tender.

E. M. PROES, A. M. Inst. C. E.,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.
Bombay, 12th July, 1911.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS are invited by 1 o'clock on MONDAY, the 24th July, 1911, for the construction of WARDER'S QUARTERS, at His Majesty's House of Correction, Byculla, value of work about Rs. 18,000. Further particulars may be obtained at the office of the Undersigned. Tender forms will be issued on payment of the usual fees during office hours, either on personal application or by Agents. The Superintending Engineer, Northern Division reserves the right to reject any Tender or Tenders, and no reason will be given for the acceptance or the rejection of any Tender.

E. M. PROES, A. M. Inst., C. E.
Executive Engineer, Presidency.
Bombay, 12th July, 1911.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

WANTED.

WANTED.—For the Office of the Executive Engineer, Presidency District, a FIRST CLASS TYPIST. Applications, with copies of testimonials, will be received by the Undersigned, up to 31 July, 1911. Further particulars may be obtained at the office of the Undersigned.

E. M. PROES, A. M. Inst., C. E.,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.
Bombay, 12th July, 1911.

NOTICE.
No. 4751.

SEALED TENDERS for the SUPPLY by contract for the period ending 31st March, 1912, of about 2,500 tons of WELSH UNSCREENED STEAM COAL at Rangoon, will be received by the Director of the Royal Indian Marine at his Office in the R. I. M. Dockyard, Bombay, up to 3 P. M. (Standard Time) on THURSDAY, the 3rd August, 1911, after which hour no tender will be received.

2. Tenders must be accompanied by a Bank of Bombay Receipt for the amount to be deposited or by Government Loan Paper, which is not to be endorsed to any Government officer, but to stand in the name of the owner, interest being made payable at the Bombay Treasury. Tenders must be sent by Registered Post; if forwarded in any other way they will not be received. Informal Tenders will be rejected and no reason will be assigned for the rejection of any Tender. The Director of the Royal Indian Marine does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

3. Any Tender containing a conditional clause contrary to these requirements or making stipulations not provided for either in this notice or the printed Tender and Schedule Forms will be summarily rejected.

4. Printed Tender Forms, and any other information in connection with this Contract, can be obtained at this office, and the forms can also be had from the Deputy Director of the Royal Indian Marine, Calcutta; and from the Principal Port Officer, Burma, Rangoon.

6. Each Tender is to be superscribed "Tender for Supply of Welsh Coal."

F. DOBSON,
For Director, Royal Indian Marine.
R. I. M. Dockyard,
Bombay, 3rd July, 1911.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.

PASSENGER FARES AND RATES FOR HORSES, CARRIAGES AND MOTOR CARS.

BETWEEN

BOMBAY AND DELHI.

WITH effect from the 1st September, 1911, the following will be the Passenger Fares and Rates for Horses, Carriages and Motor Cars, between Bombay and Delhi, and via:—

PASSENGER FARES.

SINGLE JOURNEY.	Rs. a.	RETURN JOURNEY.	Rs. a.
First Class ...	66 3	First Class ...	125 12
Second Class ...	33 2	Second Class ...	62 14
Third Class ...	8 12		

RATES FOR HORSES, CARRIAGES AND MOTOR CARS.

SINGLE JOURNEY.	Rs. a	RETURN JOURNEY.	Rs. a.
First Horse ...	107 10	First Horse ...	161 7
Each additional horse	53 13	Each additional horse	80 12
One Carriage ...	161 7	One Carriage ...	242 3
Two Carriages loaded on one truck same owner.	242 3	One Motor Car....	363 4
One Motor Car ...	242 3		
Two Motor Cars on one truck same owner ...	376 11		

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.
Victoria Terminus,
Dated 24th June, 1911.

BOMBAY BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.

DELHI CORONATION DURBAR.

CORRIDOR-RESTAURANT-CAR EXPRESS TO DELHI FROM 1ST NOVEMBER.

Bombay (Colaba) Dep. 22·0
Delhi .....Arr. 6·45

ADDITIONAL EXPRESS TRAINS will also run when required, leaving Bombay in the evening and arriving at Delhi at a convenient hour in the morning.

GOODS TRAFFIC to Delhi for the Durbar.

Special arrangements will be made for the quick despatch of Motor Cars, Carriages, Horses, Furniture, etc.

FREDERICK W. HANSON,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 14th July, 1911.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lenses will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the same of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
ARMY DEPARTMENT.

RECRUITING NATIVE ARMY.

THE SERVICE of PENSIONED and discharged sepoys of the Indian Army, required for employment in civil capacities, may be obtained on application to:—

(i) The Recruiting Officers in charge of the following districts:—
Peshawar for Pathans. Rawalpindi for Punjabi Musalmans. Jullunder for Sikhs. 'Jullundur (Dharmsala from 15th April to 15th October) for Dogras. Ajmer for Rajputana and Central India Hindus and Musalmans. Delhi for Jats and Hindustani Musalmans. Lucknow for Hindustani Hindus. Poona for Mahrattas and Dekhani Musalmans.
(ii) The Pension Pay Master, Madras, for Madrasis.

All applications from employers should include the particulars shown below and should be addressed to the officers referred to at the places abovementioned:—

(1) Name of person or firm offering employment.
(2) Nature of employment, and place at which it is offered.
(3) Proposed pay and period for which employment is offered.
(4) Whether railway fare to place of employment will be paid or not.
(5) Whether return railway fare will be paid in case of pensioner being discharged for no fault of his own or after a definite period of service.
(6) Class of men required, *e.g.*, Sikh, Pathan, Dogras, etc.

P. HOLLAND-PRYOR, Major,
Officiating Assistant Secretary to the Government of India.
Simla, the 13th July 1911.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE STORES.

Under instructions from the Superintendent, Government Telegraph Stores, Messrs. BENNETT, & Co. will, THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 17th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at Government Telegraph Stores, Wari Bunder:—

A large lot of broken sockets, soleplates, anchors, clamps, etc.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE of very Valuable Carriages, new and second-hand and Coach Factory Appliances, etc. and the good-will of the Factory.

Under instructions from Messrs. Nicolas Rozario Freitas and Caliato Manuel Jose Freitas, the joint Receivers, appointed in Suit No. 223 of 1911, (Nicolas Rozario Freitas vs. Ignez Matildes Lobo and others,) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 18th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at No. 254 Grant Road, opposite the Grant Road Burial Ground, the following carriages:—

2 new well built rubber-tyred victorias.
2 new rubber-tyred palanquin office shigrams.
1 new glass-fronted rubber-tyred miniature brougham, double seated.
1 new glass-fronted brougham, incomplete.
1 old brougham, incomplete.
1 new shigram, body only.
1 new victoria, body only.
Also factory appliances such as anvils, bellows, hammers, springs, iron, wood, etc., etc.

The above will be sold in separate lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable building plot on the Gamdevi Estate at the Corner of the Gowalia Tank Road and Hughes Road.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will on WEDNESDAY, the 19th instant, at 5 p.m., (S. T.) sell by Public Auction on the site, the right of occupancy of the following plot for a period of 999 years.

Plot No. 2 Gamdevi Estate, admeasuring about 1,000 square yards. This plot is prominently situated at the corner of the new Hughes Road and is well for a building site. Shops may be allowed on this plot.

Architects interested in the above plot are advised to consult the Trust Engineer, before the auction, and to see the design already prepared by the Trust for the building to be constructed on the plot which will have to be adopted with the necessary alterations to allow of shops.

For further particulars, auction and building conditions, form of lease, plan of the sites, can be had on application to the Trust Engineer, Trust Buildings, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable building plots at Sandhurst Road and Null Bazar.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on plot No. 3, the following very valuable building plots for a period of 999 years.

Plot No.	Area.	Plot No.	Area.
3	617 sqr. yds.	11	366
4	784 "	30	561
73	346 "	22	282
74	338 "	...	...

Shops will be allowed on all these plots and nahanees will be allowed near the rooms.

Architects interested in the plots are advised to consult the Trust Engineer, before the auction regarding the development they may have in view in connection with any of the above plots.

For further particulars, auction, building conditions, form of lease, plans of the sites can be had on application to the Trust Engineer, Trust Buildings, Fort, to or the Undersigned.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On SATURDAY, the 29th instant at 2 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at top floor, Roosevelt House, Apollo Bunder, very valuable and handsome teak and black wood household furniture, rich glass and crockery ware, best plateware, large sliding dining table, arm and without arm chairs, mirror back side-board and dumbwaiters, drawing room sofas and chairs, handsome cabinet, fancy ornaments, rich engravings, one rosewood iron frame cottage piano by Rose & Co., folding screen, single and double bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs dressing chest of drawers, clothes and gown presses, ornamente, card table, filter, carpets, rugs, ice box, meat safes, utensils, plants etc., etc., the property of J. Bennett Esqr.,

Catalogues will be published and the property on view 4 days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF COTTON SLIGHTLY DAMAGED BY FIRE AND WATER.

In accordance with Sections 55 and 56 of the Railway Act 9 of 1890 and under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on FRIDAY, the 4th proximo at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction, at Colaba the following bales of cotton.

Rs Chandansi to Colaba Invoice No. 186 of 12-12-10. 31 F.P. Bales of cotton slightly damaged by Fire and water.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & Co.
Bombay, 17th July, 1911.

GUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,

GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, or sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co., Chuckla No. 6, First Class Furniture on sale or hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

AMUSEMENTS.

"EXCELSIOR" NOVELTY THEATRE

MANAGEMENT:—D. E. D. COHEN, Grand Opera House, Calcutta.

FOR A SHORT SEASON ONLY

COMMENCING SATURDAY, July 22nd at 9-45 P.M.

Mr. HENRY DALLAS will present

THE FOLLIES

FROM

THE APOLLO THEATRE, LONDON,

by arrangement with

H. G. PELISSIER

in their Celebrated Entertainment, comprising

VAUDEVILLES BURLESQUES

AND

PELISSIER'S POTTED PLAYS.

NIGHTLY Change of Programme NIGHTLY.

from THE FOLLIES Extensive Repertoire.

Prices—Rs. 5, 4, 3, 2 and 1. Plan at SOUNDY'S

N.B.—The Booking Plan will open at SOUNDY'S on Monday, 17th July, at 9-30 A. M.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH

TO-NIGHT
ANOTHER
STUPENDOUS PROGRAMME,
THE
NAVAL REVIEW
AT
SPITHEAD,
BRITANNIA RULES THE WAVES,
THE
DOGS OF WAR AT PEACE.
DREADNOUGHTS, CRUISERS, BATTLESHIPS, TORPEDO BOATS SUBMARINES.
THE NAVIES OF THE WORLD ASSEMBLED.

THE DRIVE THROUGH LONDON,
A GRAND PAGEANT,
THE KING AND QUEEN IN LONDON'S STREET.

TROOPS OF ALL NATIONS.

THE INDIAN PRINCES,
THE COLONIAL PREMIERS,
THE INDIAN CONTINGENT.
LONDONERS GREETING THE KING.

FOOLSHEAD,
THE WOULD-BE WAITER
FAITHLESS.
M. PRINCE IN A RATTLING LAUGH.
and
a Special Programme of Pictures.

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

TO-NIGHT
and every night during the week.
THE CORONATION FILM
will be shown as an
EXTRA ATTRACTION
AFTER
EACH SHOW.

Many were unable to see this last week owing to the Crush. They may now see it every evening after our ordinary Programme.

SKATING RINK.

PRACTICE SESSIONS:—Daily 8 to 9 A.M.

EVENING SESSIONS:—TUESDAYS and THURSDAYS only, 6 to 8 with Band.

NIGHT SESSIONS:—MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, 9-30 to 11-30.

BAND IN ATTENDANCE.

INSURANCES.

NORTH BRITISH
AND
MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.
ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES:
EDINBURGH: 64, Princes Street.
LONDON: 61, Threadneedle Street.
Total funds exceed.....£21,000,000.

A BONUS

has just been declared at the rate of 30 shillings per cent per annum and is allocated on the Compound System. This Bonus is therefore equivalent to an addition of from Rs. 15 per thousand on new Policies to Rs. 36·8 per thousand on the oldest Policies which have thus been doubled in amount by such additions of bonuses.

INDIAN LIVES are insured at European rates of premium. For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms, etc., apply to

KING, KING & Co.
Secretaries.
KING'S BUILDING, BOMBAY.

N. B.—WANTED Energetic and Influential AGENTS on exceptionally liberal terms.

GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.
IMMEDIATE ANNUITIES with RETURN OF PURCHASE MONEY.

THIS NOVEL and most ATTRACTIVE SCHEME which has been recently introduced offers exceptional Advantages to prospective Annuitants and the "GRESHAM" is the first Insurance Company to offer its benefits to the Public.

(1). A RETURN OF THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE PURCHASE MONEY GUARANTEED IN ANY EVENT.
Under the old scheme, the Capital was lost at Death, whenever it occurred.

(2). A LIBERAL SURRENDER VALUE ALLOWED SHOULD IT BE DESIRED TO REVOKE THE CONTRACT AT ANY TIME.
Under the old scheme, the Annuitant had no control over his Capital once paid down.

For full particulars apply to—

CROFT MODY & CO.
Chief Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon.
Bombay.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

YOUR PIANO.—Does it need TUNING or REPAIRING? We place the services of a thoroughly Competent Workman at your disposal. Our charges are MODERATE, and whatever we do for your Instrument, we guarantee that it will be done as well as it is possible.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., AGENTS for the world-known "Bluthner" Pianos, Bombay and Poona.

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings, Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit. Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand-new Billiard Tables. Dinner, Rs. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re. 1-0-0; Breakfast, As. 12. Dinner served till late hours.

MOTORISTS! Did you see our Aluminium Matting? If not, you should do so. Unlike rubber it is nonperishable and will keep tidy after years of service. The UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummum Street, Fort.

MR. N. P. KHARAS writes:—Singer's Sewing Machines are proved satisfactory in all respects. They are so strong that they can hardly go out to order, and as far as the mechanical excellence is concerned they are best in the World.

FOR SALE.—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

BOOKS FOR SALE.—GARNETT'S "International Library of Famous Literature" 20 vols; "Scribner" '80 to '82 five vols; "Century" '84 and '85, 4 vols. Offers. Box 2693, care of this Office.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Leading Cases. By W. E. H., Re. 1 Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 ½d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3, Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Re. 2 must be paid in advance.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes:—9½ inch by 4¼ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9½ inch by 4¼ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Re. 8 per 1,000, 5 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Re. 2½ per thousand I) printed on flap, Re. 4 per thousand.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business, Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts, Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky may be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY and Co., Limited, Bombay.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &C.

CROFT, MODY & CO.

THE following popular and well known BRANDS of WHISKIES can be had Wholesale from

CROFT, MODY & Co.,
SOLE AGENTS, BOMBAY,
OR RETAIL FROM
Messrs. BRANDON & Co.,
VICTORIA TERMINUS
AND
DENISON & Co.,
HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

O. T. B. (Old Mac Taggart Blend)
F. O. S. (Finest old Scotch)
From DONALD Mc. TAGGART & Co., Strathspey and Glasgow.
A. L. W. (Antique Liqueur)
R. O. T. (Rare Old Talisker)
From The DAILUAINE-TALISKER DISTILLERS LTD.

BOOKS FOR SALE.

ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5,

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights
By L. P. Parikh Rs. 6.

LAYS OF THE LAW.
A Selection of Leading Cases.
By W. E. H. Re. 1.

Apply the Bombay Gazette Office.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED,

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL.....	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 325,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E C.
LONDON BANKERS
The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.
Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. Manager.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...	£ 2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL.....	£ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....	£ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.
BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombasa,
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy	Jinja,
Delhi,	Nuwara-Eliya,	Kampala,
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp,)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 162, W. J. K. HEGARTY
BOMBAY, Acting Manager.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 16,250,000
Gold Reserve Fund.....	$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	IPOH	PENANG
BANGKOK	JOHORE,	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KOBE	SAIGON
BOMBAY	KUALA LUMPUR	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LONDON	SHANGHAI
CANTON	LYONS	Do HONGKEW
COLOMBO	MALACCA.	SINGAPORE
FOOCHOW	MANILA	SOURABAYA
HAMBURG	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HANKOW	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HONGKONG	PEKING	YUOLO

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS
Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

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J. A. JEFFREY, Agent.
Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND.....	£1,625,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....	£1,200,000

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Rangoon	Klang (F. M. States.)	Foochow
Colombo	Seremban (F. M States.)	Shanghai
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THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

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THE REARING OF CHILDREN.

A Lecture delivered
BY
LT.-COL. COLLIE, I.M.S.

PRICE ANNAS TWO; POSTAGE 1 ANNA.

To be had from the "Bombay Gazette."

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 17th instant, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, in No. 16 Apollo Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

Furniture such as cupboards, settees, almirahs, chest of drawers, chairs, easy chairs, writing, dressing and washhand tables, small and large phonographs piano, iron safes, etc.

4 foot-sewing machines with stands, quite new.
1 lot of mess clothes waistcoat, coat, forage cap, &c.
By order of the concerned—
1 lot law books by different authors.

At 2-30 P.M. (S.T.)

Several gents' bicycles by different makers.
1 light rubber-tyred office shigram.
1 light second-hand victoria.

CRAWFORD & Co.
Bombay, 17th July, 1911.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
21, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

WEEKLY SALE.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will, on WEDNESDAY, the 19th day of July, 1911, sell by Public Auction, at their Sales Rooms, 21, Medows Street, Fort, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), the following:—

On account of the consignor the balance of the consignment of Hosiery, consisting of—
20 dozen bathing combinations.
50 " under wear (combinations.)
45 " coloured drawers.
4 " lady's blouse pieces, assorted colour.
6 pieces cotton coating 26" by 44 to 46 yds.
On account of the concerned—
1 crate: 40 dozen white plates, 10" to 10 1-2".
1 crate; 50 " rich printed pattern, flat shape plates, 7", 8", 9" and 10".
10 dozen gold border and flower brand jugs.
Miscellaneous articles consisting of:—One second-hand square piano; one gramophone with 60 records; gas chandeliers; one lot Vicker's ink, etc., etc.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO MERCHANTS AND PRIVATE BUYERS.
Sale of Gunmetal, Silver and Nickel Silver Watches.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co., will on WEDNESDAY, the 19th day of July, 1911, sell by Public Auction, at their Sales Rooms, 21, Meadow Street, Fort, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), the following:—

By order a Banking Co. and on account of the concerned.—
A lot of watches, by well known makers

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

[LONDON, July 14.] [BOMBAY, July 15.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols	78 7-8		1-16
do. Rentes	.....		.....
1-2 do. Sterling Loan	94 1-4	un	chgd
1-2 do. Gov. Securities	64 1-4	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London	24 3-8		1-16
do. 2 months' hence	24 7-16		1-16
Bar Silver in New York	52 7-8		1-8
Exchange on London at Paris	.....		.....
do. do. at Berlin	20-45		1-2
do. do. New York	4-86 1-4	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate	3 p.c:	since	
do. Short London Bills	9th Mar.		
3 months' sight	1 13-16		1-8
do. Indian Bank Bills			
6 months' sight	2 7-8		1-8
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills	2 3-4		1-8
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills	2 3-8	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans	1	un	chgd
do. 7 day Market Loans	1 1-4	un	chgd

Bar Gold 77-9 unchgd
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank's buying rate) 1 3 15-16 unchgd
Closing Tone of Silver—Small business.

COUNCIL BILLS.—EXTRA ALLOTMENTS :—
Bills on Calcutta .....Rs. 5,00,000 at 1 1 1-16

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

Silver to Bombay	£	160,000
Bar Gold to Bombay	£	60,000
Silver to Colombo	£	8,000

The Bombay mails of 1st instant arrived at Brindisi yesterday afternoon.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

	Steady.	Fair demand.
Spot		Steady.
Futures	...	.....
East Indian	...	.....
Manchester	Quiet with a fair enquiry.	
Total Sales	...	8,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export		1,000
Imports	...	3,000
Mid-Americans	...	7·76+03
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	10 3-16	unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
7·43 +01	7·19 unchgd	6·83 —02	6·73 —02	6·69 —01
Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.	
6·68 —01	6·68 —02	6·69 —02	6·70 —02	

New York Official noon call October 12-81 Jan. 12·77.
New Orleans 10 a.m. Oct, 12·66 Jan, 12-70.

NEW YORK— Bales.

Receipts at U. S. Ports	...	Nil
Receipts at „ Last year	...	9,000
Exports to Great Britain	...	1,000
Exports to Continent	...	3,000
Spot Cotton—	...	14·25 unchgd
Futures—Month of Oct. 14·32+08		Declined on unfavorable cables and advanced on spinners reported to be bidding more freely.
Futures—Month of Dec. 12·81+18		

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton	...	14 5-8 unchgd
Futures month of Oct	...	12·71+07
Futures month of Dec.	...	12·70+07
Tone of Spot Cotton	...	Steady.

	Bales.
Week's Receipts of cotton at U. S. Ports	4,000
Do. exports to Great Britain	6,000
Do. do. to France and Continent	20,000
Do. do. to Japan	.....
Stock of cotton at U. S. Ports	180,000
Do. do. at Interior Ports	101,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS.—

Total actual Exports	5,000
do Forwarded	54,000
do Imports	13,000
do Stock	622,000
Stock of cotton in London	11,870

YARN.

40s Banner Mill Twist ...	11 3-8
George Mayall's Yarn ...	11 1-4

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good M G Bengal	...5 15-16
F G M G Bengal	...6 1-16
Fine M G Bengal	...6 3-16
Fair Red Coconada C. I. F. London	... d 5 15-16
Coconada Ginned C I F London	... d 6
G. W. Westerns C I F London	... d 6 7-32

WHEAT.

Choice White Karachi	...33 1-4 unchgd
Do. Months—July.-Aug.	
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Sellers.	
U.A.Q. Red Karachi	...32 3-4 unchgd
Do. Months—June-July.	
Do. Name of Ports—London.—Sellers.	
Tone—Quiet.	

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe—62lbs	...33 1-2
Do. Month—July.	
Do. Name of Ports—Buyers &c.—Sellers.	
Tone—Easier.	

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian	...34 1-4
Do. Month—Aug.	
Do. Name of Ports—Buyers &c.—Sellers.	

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c. ex-ship	45 3-4—1-4
Do. Months—July-Aug.	
Do. Name of Ports.—Dunkirk—Sellers.	
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p.c. ex-ship	47 1-2—1-4
Do. Months—Aug-Sept.	
Do. Name of Ports.—Dunkirk—Sellers.	
Brown Cawnpore ...	42 1-2—1-8
Do. Months—July-August.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.—Sellers.	
Tone of Rapeseed—Easier.	
LINSEED—	
Bombay, per 416 lbs., ex-ship ...	73 1-2
Do. Months—July-Aug.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.—Sellers.	
Linseed Argentine	...64—1-4
Do. Months—July-Aug.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Nominal.	

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—	
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)...	13 3-8—1-8
RUBBER—	
Para Rubber	...4-6—Sellers—Dull.
METALS—	
Copper Braziers	...£ 68 1-4
Yellow Metal	...d 6 1-16
Standard Copper G, M, B.	...£56 13-16
Bar Iron, Belgian No. 2 ordinary sizes	
F. O. B. Antwerp	4 15 0
Iron Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge G.O.B.	
4 per cent. F. O. B. Liverpool	10 10 0
Basic Steel Bars Belgian C. I. F. India..	5 6 0
FREIGHT—	
Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal ...	Nominal.
SUGAR—	
German Granulated Sugar C & F	
India (Double bags)	...15 1 1-2—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment	...July-Aug.
Tone—Easier. Quiet and little doing.	
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F	
India	...13 9—Nominal.
Do Months of Shipments	...July.
Tone—Nothing doing. Prices nominal.	
German Beet-root 88 p.c.	...12 2 1-2—Buyers.
Months of Shipments	...Aug.
Tone—Market opened flat but improved towards the close.	
E A R & Similar Crystal C & F	
India	...16 5 1-4—Sellers.
Months of Shipments	...July-August.
Tone—Very quiet. Prices easier.	
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay	...11 7 1-2—Value.
Months of Shipments	...July.
Tone—Firm.	
Javas—General Tone—Firm but nothing doing.	

BOMBAY MARKETS.

SATURDAY EVENING.] [15TH July, 1911.

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL ON 13th July, 1911.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	33	35,486
B B and C I Railway	30	35,486

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE :—

The market opened steady and unchanged. There has been little fresh business doing it being mail day and the market closes steady as under. Far Eastern rates are quiet.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	... 1s. 4 1-32d. to 1-16
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 1-16d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 7-32d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 5-16d. Oct.
Do. do Francs	...170 3-4
Do. do Marks	...138 1-2
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...182 3-4
Shanghai „	...176 1-2
Japan „	...150

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

The market opened at 96 for Cash and 95 15-16 for the Settlement and closes steadier. Only a small business has been done.

We quote :—

Cash ...	...	Rs.	96	2 0
Settlement	...	„	96	0 0

BULLION :—

Bar Silver in London closed 1-16 lower for ready and forward at 24 3-8 and 24 7-16 respectively. New York was 1-8 down at 52 7-8. The market opened quiet at 62 ex duty and closes unchanged. Bar Gold is steady.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold ...	...	Rs	24	0 0
Australian „ ...	...	„	24	0 0
Sovereigns „ ...	...	„	15	0 0
Silver Ready ex duty	...	„	62	0 0
„ 1st Settlement	...	„	62	0 0
„ 2nd Settlement	...	„	62	0 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT :—

The market opened steady and during the day prices have improved somewhat. Sellers continue scarce and are not disposed to meet buyers who are offering slightly under current rates. Business is restricted. The market closes firm as under.

Ready cotton continues to move slowly. Exporters are almost out of the market and mills are buying only very moderately for immediate requirements.

QUOTATIONS :—

NEW CROP.

Good M G Broach ...	...	Rs. 317-18	March.
Fine M G Wardha Hingunghat		„ 320-21	„
Fine M G Nagpur ...	...	„ 317-18	Jan.
Fine M G Khamgaon-Akola.		„ 309	„
Fine M G Khandeish	...	„ 296	„
F. G. M. G. Khandeish	...	„ 286	„
Fine M G Bengal ...	...	„ 303	Nov
Fine M. G. Bengal ...	...	„ 293	Dec
Fine M. G. Bengal ...	...	„ 284-5	Jan
F. G. H. G. Bengal	...	„ 261-2	„

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—

Opening Tone	...	Steady.
Estimated Sales	...	5,000 bales
Total Imports	...	9,000 „

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.
7·47 +04	7·22 +03	6·85 +02	6·76 +03
Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April
6·71 +02	6·71 +03	6·71 +03	6·72 +03	6·73 +03

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—The market is quiet but steady.

We quote :—

Ready „ ...	...	Rs.	12	3 0 B. T.
September ...	...	„	13	1 6 R. T.

RAPESEED:—The market is quiet and easier.

We Quote :—

Yellow Gujerat ready ...	...	„	7 14	0 B. T.
Brown Etawah ready ...	...	„	6 15	0 B. T.

GINGELLYSEED :—The market is quiet.

We quote :—

Bold White 85 p.c.	...	Rs.	52	0 0
Yellow Hingunghat	...	„	57	8 0
Black Kutni	...	„	43	0 0

CASTORSEED :—Tone steady. We Quote :—

Ready	...	Rs.	35 8 0

COTTONSEED:—Tone quiet. We Quote:—

Ready	...	Rs.	21 8 0

POPPYSEED :—Tone steady.

We Quote :—

Ready	...	Rs.	10 1 0 B. T.

GROUNDNUTS :—Tone quiet but steady.

We Quote :—

Bold	...	Rs.	42	0 0
Small	...	„	40	8 0

WHEAT :—The market is quiet.

We Quote :—

White Delhi ready.	...	Rs.	4 11	0 R. T.
„ „ Sept	...	Rs.	5 0	6 R. T.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay	1,710
Bank of India	68 1-2
Eastern Bank	78 1-2
Indian Specie	52 1-4
Bank of Burma	137
Bank of Baroda	66

MILLS.

David	391 1-4
Kohinoor	672 1-2
Manockji Petit	2,617 1-2
New Great Eastern	177 1-2
Standard	967 1-2

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	136 1-2
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference...	171 1-2
Bombay Steam Navigation Ord. ...	280
Colaba Land and Mill	1,175
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	17

RAILWAY.

Gujarat Ry...	29

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton ...	...	...	3,631 bales
Wheat ...	...	...	21,059 cwts.
Linseed ...	...	...	3,498 „
Rapeseed ...	...	...	2,981 „
Gingellyseed ...	...	...	123 „
Poppyseed ...	...	...	2,427 „
Groundnuts...	...	...	11 „
Castorseed ...	...	...	1,659 „
Rice ...	...	...	2,089 „
Myrabollams	...	...	203 „
Cottonseed ...	...	...	3,099 „
Mowraseed ...	...	...	11,000 „
Gram ...	...	...	1,870 „
Joowar ...	...	...	1,856 „
Maize ...	...	...	226 „

LONDON MARKET.

[LONDON, July 15.] [BOMBAY, July 16.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
3 1-2 per cent. Consols	79	1-8	
do. Rentes	.....	...	...
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan	94 1-22	1-4	
do. Govt. Securities	64 1-4	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London	24 3-8	un	chgd
do. 2 months' hence	24 1-2	1-16	
do. in New York	52 7-8	un	chgd
Exchange on London at Paris	.....	...	...
do. at Berlin	20·45	un	chgd
do. at New York	4·86 1-4	since	
Discount Bank of England Rate	3 p.c.		
do. Short London	9th Mar.		
Bills, 3 months' sight	1 13-16	un	chgd
do. Indian Bank Bills, 6 months' sight	2 7-8	un	chgd
do 3 months' Fine Trade Bills	2 3-4	un	chgd
do, 6 months' Fine Trade Bills	2 3-8	un	chgd
Interest Day-to-day Loans	1	un	chgd
Interest 7 day Market Loans	1 1-4	un	chgd

Bar Gold ... 77-9 unchgd
Closing Tone of Silver—Steady.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Steady.	Quiet.
Futures	...	Quiet.
East Indian	...	.....
Manchester	...	.....
Total Sales	...	4,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export	...	250
Imports	...	9,000
Mid Americans	...	7·81+05
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	10 3-16	unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
7·43 unchgd	7·19 unchgd	6·83 unchgd	6·74 +01	6 69 unchgd
Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apr.	
6·68 unchgd	6·69 +01	6·70 +01	6·71 +01	

NEW YORK—

		Bales.
Receipts at all U.S. Ports	...	Nil
Receipts at U. S. Last year	...	.....
Exports to Great Britain	...	3,000
Exports to Continent	...	2,000
Spot Cotton—	...	14·30+05
Futures—Month of Oct. 12·45—13		Declined on bear pressure and liquidation, and advanced on limited offerings.
Futures—Month of Dec. 12·85—17		

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot Cotton	...	14 5-8 unchgd
Futures—Month of Oct.	...	12·72+01
Do. do Dec.	...	12·71+01
Tone of Spot Cotton	...	Firm.
Visib'e Supply ...	...	1,077,000 Americans.
Do ...	...	165,000 Egyptians
Do ...	...	194,000 East Indian
Into Sight ...	...	11,800,000

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

				Bales.
Total Sales	...	...	...	42,000
Do. Speculation	...	...	...	1,000
Do. Exportation	...	...	...	2,000
Do. Forwarded Consumer	...	...	...	.....
Do. Actual Export	...	...	...	.....
Do. Import of the Week	...	...	...	.....
Do. Stock	...	...	...	.....
East Indian total sales	...	...	...	100
Do. Indian Stock	...	...	...	16,000
Do. Exportation	...	...	...	100
Do. Forwarded Consumers	...	...	...	900
Do. Actual Exports	...	...	...	100
Do. Week's Imports	...	...	...	4,000
Do. Stocks in Liverpool	...	...	...	20,000
Afloat Americans	...	...	...	24,000
Do, Indian	...	...	...	57,000

Grey shirtings 41-42 in. 38 yards 16×15 ... 8-8
„ „ 44 in. 38—38 1-2 yds 9lbs... 9-1
White „ 40-41 in. 40 yards 18 sqr ...10-1

WHEAT.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe-62lbs.	...33 3-8
Do. Month—July—Easier—Sellers.	

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian	... 33 1-4 nett
Do. Month—June—Done.	

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Gujerat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship	...45
Do. Months—July-Aug.	
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Nearest Value.	
Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship	...47
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.	
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk.—Nearest Value.	
Brown Cawnpore	...42 1-4
Do. Months—July-August.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.	

LINSEED—

Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship	...73 1-4
Do. Months—July-Aug.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.	
Linseed Argentine—La Plata	...63 3-4
Do. Months—July-Aug.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Nominal.	

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). 13 3-8 unchgd

RUBBER—

Para Rubber .. 4-5—Sellers—Dull.

SUGAR—

German granulated sugar C. and F,

India double bags.	...15—Sellers.
Do. Months of Shipment	...July-Aug.
Tone—Dull.	
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F	
India	...12·9—Nominal.
Do. Months of Shipments	...July.
Tone—Nothing doing, prices nominal.	
German Beet-root 88 p. c	...12 0 1-2—Sellers
Months of Shipments	...Aug.
Tone—Owing realization clored steady.	
E A R & Similar Crystals C & F	
India	...16 4 1-2—Sellers
Months of Shipments	...July-August.
Tone—Very quiet, prices rather easier.	
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay	...11 7 1-2—Value.
Months of Shipments	...July.
Tone—Firm.	
Javas—General Tone—Unchanged steady but not active.	

BANK OF BOMBAY.

The eighty-seventh report of the Bank of Bombay reads as follows :—

The Directors submit to the shareholders a statement of the liabilities and assets and of the profit and loss account of the Bank as at the close of the half-year on 30th June last. The Auditors' report is also annexed.

The transactions of the half-year have resulted in a net profit of ...	Rs.	a.	p.
	10,98,585	6	8
to which has to be added the balance brought forward from the previous half-year	3,76,050	7	10
making together	14,74,635	14	6
which they have decided to apply as under :—			
In payment of a dividend at the rate of 13 per cent, per annum, free from income-tax	6,50,000	0	0
Bonus at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum, free from income-tax	1,00,000	0	0
Transferred to Reserve Fund	1,00,000	0	0
Transferred Premises Account ...	35,000	0	0
Transferred Pension Fund and Bonus to staff	65,000	0	0
Carried forward ...	5,24,635	14	6
	14,74,635	14	6

There was a fairly steady demand for money throughout the half-year. The Maximum Bank rate was 7 per cent. and the average 6·55 per cent.

Mr J Fairclough and the Hon'ble Sir Henry E E Procter resigned their seats on the Board on their departure for Europe and the Directors, under the provisions of Section 29 of the Presidency Bank's Act, appointed in their places Mr. J. Black (of Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ld.), and Mr. D. Carmichael (of Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co).

The Directors who retire by rotation are Mr. J. Black and Mr. Tribhovandas Purjevandas, both of whom are eligible for re-election.

The shareholders will have to elect Auditors for the coming year and fix their remuneration. The present Auditors are eligible and offer themselves for re-election.

CALCUTTA MARKETS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 15.

In the jute market to-day the pucca bales were slow and prices tended lower. Kutcha bales were quieter and sellers have reduced their rates slightly. The money market was quiet and rather easier, but there was little doing, while, in the share market, some interest was shown in tea shares at firm rates. Other lines were quite neglected.

FLORILINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It remove all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Florline," being composed in parts of Honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery, to the age Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesales Depot, 33 Farringdon Road London, England.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, is Re. 2 for six lines or less, and Sas. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

DESANGES—June 29, at the Criterion Chambers, Rangoon, the wife of E Owen Desanges, of a son.

MUDONNELL—July 1, at Fraser Road, Rangoon, the wife of T F R MacDonnell, Esq, Barrister-at-Law, of a son.

DEATH.

ROFFEY—July 2, at Maymyo, Mary Ann Ellen, the wife of Captain L J Roffey, Military Works Services (retired).

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises 6h. 10m. Sun sets 7h. 19m.
Bombay Corporation 3-40.
Bombay University Senate 5-45.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, three shows nightly 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p.m. Star Attraction: "The Naval Review at Spithead."

Maxim: "Time may be money, but it seems as though the more money a man has the less time he has to spare."—PHILADELPHIA RECORD.

VURJEEVANDASS MADOWDASS CHARITABLE DISPENSARY.—During the month of June the total number of patients treated in this dispensary was 1,624, among them the number of new admissions was 503, being classified as, follows:—Hindus 311, Mussulmans 124, Parsees 2, Christians 54 and other classes 12. The average daily attendance was 54.

SUICIDE OF AN ARAB.—On Saturday, at the Morgue, Mr. H. T. Lambert, the Coroner, held an inquest touching the death of an Arab, named Solomon Syed, aged about 20. It appeared from the evidence that the deceased, who was a native of Aden, was employed in a tea-shop at Nagpada. On Thursday evening he appeared to be depressed and bade his friends farewell, saying he was going to leave this world. The same evening he purchased opium, and on Friday he was found lying unconscious in his bed and was removed to hospital, where he subsequently died. The jury returned a verdict of suicide.

CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.

AT the Esplanade Police Court, Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case in which one Walchand Oghadchand, a dealer in gold and silver, charged Raghunath Waman, a goldsmith, with criminal breach of trust in respect of eight tolas of gold, valued at Rs. 187. Mr. Kanuga, Pleader, appeared for the complainant; and Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai, Pleader, defended the accused. The charge against the accused was that he was given 94 tolas of gold by the complainant for making ornaments. He made ornaments weighing 86 tolas but did not return the balance. He produced the gold in Court and said he was willing to return it. He had gone up-country on account of a wedding and hence the delay. The accused was discharged.

THEFT OF WATCHES.

On Saturday, at the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Spiers charged Private Rowly of the Warwickshire Regiment, with the theft of two watches belonging to one Noor Ilahi Khudabux. It appeared from the evidence that on Friday night the accused went to the complainant's shop in Sitaram Building and asked for a watch. He was shown two watches, which he took and ran out of the shop, but was chased and seized by the complainant. The accused was convicted and sentenced to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

SQUADRON ORDERS.

BY LIEUT. STANLEY REED, OFFICIATING COMMANDANT.

Bombay, 17th July.

There will be drill in the Town Hall to-morrow Tuesday evening, the 18th instant from 6 p. m. All Recruits are requested to attend.

P. W. WILSON, Lieut,
Actg.-Adjt. B. L. H.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 17th July.

562. Musketry Rifle Clubs—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted to the Rifle Club for matches 10 to 12 on Sunday the 23rd and Wednesday 26th instant, by train leaving Victoria Terminus at 5-50 a.m.

563. The Miniature Range at Carnac Road, will be open for matches 10 to 12 on Saturday, the 29th instant, from 2 to 5 p.m, and Sunday, the 30th from 9 a.m. to 12 noon.

564. Parade.—There will be a parade for "G" Coy Recruits (and any other members who wish to attend) at the Bombay Gymkhana on Monday mornings at 7-30 a.m. until further orders.

565. Command—Colonel R W L Dunlop, having returned from leave assumes command of the Regiment.

E. G. J. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt. B. V. R.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR R. W. R. PENNINGTON, COMMANDING.

Bombay, 17th July.

160. Leave—The following members are granted leave of abrence for the periods stated against their names,

Gunner L B Ashworth No 2 Company from 29-7-11 to 28-10-11.

Sapper W Scales E E Company from 15-7-11 to 14-10-11.

191. Badges Class—Badges for Company Classification for all members of No 2 Company can be obtained from Corps Head Quarters any day (except Sunday) from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

192. Lecture—A lecture will be delivered by Lieut and Adjutant C T Tomes Royal Warwickshire Regiment in the R A Lecture Room Colaba on Wednesday 19th instant at 12 noon.

Subject :—The Action before Matta Mochul Khel, 24th April 1903.

All members are invited to attend.—Mufti may be worn.

W. H. LEACH, Lieut. B. V. A.,
Actg. Adjt. B. V. A.

THE torpedo-boat "Soridderen," built for the Royal Danish Government by Messrs. Yarrow and Co., Glasgow, ran her official full speed trial on Saturday, 24th June, on the Skelmorlie deep water measured mile at the mouth of the Clyde. The contract speed of 27 knots was easily attained during a three hours' continuous trial, with the vessel carrying a load of 50 tons. The trial was under the supervision of Sub-Director Adolph and Commander Wenck, representing the Danish Navy. The "Soridderen" is 181 feet 9 inches long by 18 feet beam and is propelled by twin screws driven by turbines of the Brown-Curtis type, constructed by Messrs. Yarrow. Steam is supplied by two Yarrow water-tube boilers of the latest type.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" its original colours, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well, as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale depot, 3, Farringdon Road London England.

CHANDERNAGORE celebrated the 14th of July with a great display of flags. The little settlement was *en fete* on the occasion. In Calcutta the tri-color proudly floated over the French business houses and the Consulate.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

SANADI LANDS IN DISPUTE.

The Cama Suit.

DISMISSED WITH COSTS.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, on Saturday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman concluded the hearing of the suit brought by Mr. Marwanji Muncherji Cama and his brother Hormusji, against the Secretary of State for India and another in respect of certain Sanadi lands at Duncan Road mortgaged to them by the second defendant.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. A. Jinnah and Mr. J. B. Kanga, instructed by Messrs. Shroff, Dinshaw and Dharamsey, appeared for the plaintiffs; the Hon'ble the Advocate-General and Mr. Vicaji F. Taraporewalla, instructed by Mr. E. F. Nicholson, Government Solicitor, were for the first defendant; the second defendant was absent.

Mr. Jinnah having concluded his address, his Lordship delivered an oral judgment. He said that this was a suit by the plaintiffs against the Secretary of State for India and the second defendant, their mortgagor, who took no contentious attitude in the case to obtain various reliefs by way of declarations and injunction. The substance of the plaintiff's claim briefly was that owing to representations contained in the three extracts from the records of the office of the Collector of Bombay, in a notice issued by the Collector of Bombay in 1889 and in the bills of 1901, they, the plaintiffs, were intentionally caused or led to believe that the land in suit was of quit and ground rent tenure and, therefore, that by reason of such representations made by his agent, the Collector of Bombay to the plaintiffs or their mortgagor or his agents, the Secretary of State was now estopped from denying that the lands were of that tenure and from saying that they were under a sanad of the 2rd February 1824. The plaintiffs further contended that by reason of the first defendant and his servants having stood by for a long period and having permitted his predecessor to deal with and traffic in the lands as of quit and ground rent tenure, the first defendant was now equitably stopped from asserting that the lands were not of that tenure or from attempting to resume them. The plaintiffs further contended that they and their predecessor were entitled to have a right of prescription in the lands and they were therefore entitled to hold them on quit and ground rent tenure, but it was quite clear, said his Lordship, that nothing could be said in support of the plaintiffs' allegation that they had powers of prescription against the first defendant.

His Lordship remarked that the case turned and turned solely upon the answer to be given to the question whether the first defendant was now estopped by any declarations, acts or omissions on the part of his servant, the Collector of Bombay, from now asserting what was originally the fact that the lands in suit were held under a Sanad.

The first defendant firstly contended that he was not bound by the representations of the Collector of Bombay and said that even assuming, in law those declarations were made as when and as how alleged by the plaintiffs, it was not within the competence of the Collector of Bombay to vary the tenure of the lands under his control nor, therefore, could any representations, which he might have made tending to have that result, be within his competency and therefore, they were not binding on the first defendant by way of an estoppel. His Lordship said that he would content himself by finding on the two issues raised by the defendant on that part of his case in favour of the plaintiff and against the defendant, for it was too clear that if the Collector of Bombay really made the declarations or formed acts or was guilty of omissions within the meaning of Section 115 with the intention of causing the plaintiff by such declarations, acts or omissions to believe that the lands in suit were of quit and ground rent tenure, that would be an estoppel binding upon his superior and principal, the Secretary of State for India. Arguments were advanced to his Lordship from the cases of Grant and Norway and White Church and Cavanah, but it was enough to say that the rule laid down in those cases did not appear to have any applicability to a case like this, and his Lordship had no doubt whatever in his mind that if representations on which the plaintiffs relied were really made by the Collector of Bombay and were of the character alleged by the plaintiffs, then there would be a clear estoppel against the first defendant.

His Lordship now came to consider this question which was rather a question of fact than of law. The representations upon which the plaintiffs relied, his Lordship remarked, must be divided and placed under three heads. The first were the three extracts from the records of the Collector of Bombay, the second was a notice of 1889 issued under Section 12 of Act II of 1876, and the third was a set of bills of 1901 upon the faith of which the plaintiffs alleged they were induced to advance further moneys on the lands.

After stating the undisputed facts in the case, his Lordship said that it was not till 1892 that he came to any facts directly bearing on the conduct of the parties to this suit. In January of that year the second defendant has raised an equitable mortgage on the property in suit with the Chartered Bank and in connection with that transaction Mr. Gosling, of the firm of Messrs. Gosling and Morris, architects and surveyors, went to the Collector's office for extracts and wished to inspect various records relating to these lands with the special and sole object, as his letter showed, of tracing and declaring title.

His Lordship here pointed out the procedure governing the keeping of records in the Collector's office, and said it appeared to be too clear that a highly practicable distinction was drawn between what was carried away by the public as official information in the form of extracts and what was carried away in the form of certified copies. His Lordship drew special attention to Rule 6 framed by the Government of Bombay under the

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Rubattino Line steamer Ischia, 2,480 tons Captain G. Belsito, sailed on Sunday for Hong kong via intermediate ports, with a general cargo. Mr. A. B. Bushrai and 13 deck passengers.

The P. and O. Co's steamer Arabia, 4098 tons Captain W. B. Palmer, sailed on Saturday for London via Aden, with a general cargo and passengers.

The steamer Errington Court, 2,761 tons, Captain J. W. Gleghorn, sailed on Saturday for Karachi in ballast.

The French Mail Steamer Australien, 3,543 tons, Captain M. Annieran, sailed on Saturday for Noumea via Colombo, with a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Bulimba, 1,607 tons, Captain C. Davidson, sailed on Sunday for Calcutta via Colombo, with a general cargo and passengers.

The Hansa Line steamer Wartenfels, 2,834 tons, Captain H. Reimers, arrived in harbour on Friday from Hamburg via Antwerp with a general cargo.

The Royal Indian Marine steamer Hardinge, Commander C. M. Luck, R. I. M., arrived in harbour on Saturday from Karachi, which port she left on 13th July. She brought Government stores, 44 bores specie, 3 cabin and 10 deck passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Lhasa, 950 tons Captain H. McDiarmed, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Karachi, with a general cargo, seven cabin and 59 deck passengers.

The B. I. S. N Co's steamer Kola, 510 tons Captain W. C. Morrison arrived in harbour yesterday from Busreh, with a general cargo 2 cabin and 55 deck passengers.

The Wilson Line steamer Bassano, 2,762 tons Captain J. Bowall, arrived in harbour yesterday from Hull, with a general cargo.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Friday, 14th July, should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

R I M S Hardinge ...Comdr ....Luck .....R I Marine
R I M S Northbrook B H Jones ....R I Marine
R I M S Mayo...Lt Comdr..... .....Finnis .....R I Marine
R I M S Palinurus .....Lt W Taylor .....Survey Vessel

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—July 15.

Ariel	2203	Hyde	T Morrison & Co
Arcadia	3573	Barcham	Shanghai—2-3 P & O Co
Braziliania	2438	Snowden	W & A Graham & Co
Bassano	1261	Boxhall	J Finlay & Co
Chinasapeak	2886	Read	Standard Oil Co
Egypt	4207	Ashbury	London—P & O Co
Fakhri	2555	Baldvin	Bo & H S N Co
Gymerio	2558	Williams	E Tajbhoy
Galles	555	Wratt	K Nizon & Co
Kola		Morrison	M M & Co
Lawoe	1817	Francis	H T Ayoob
Lhasa	910	McMiarmid	M M & Co
Lawada	2124	Harvey	M M & Co
Othello	3327	Maclaren	J Finlay & Co
Shah Jehan	2566	Born	Shah S N Co
Steenberger	2455	Jange	W & A Graham & Co
Swasi	5174	Abbey	W & A Graham & Co
Wartenfels	2884	Reimers	W & A Graham & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—July 15.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
B Clan Leslie	2405	Goodwin	Dunkirk	31-7	J F & Co
C&R City of Glasgow	4119	Findlay	Karachi	19-7	K N & Co
F Kansler	1661	Shutt	Zanzibar	19-7	A Strandes & Co
H Hooseinee	993	D Lorne	Aden	17-7	B & P S N Co
K Khosru	2410	Honnah	Jeddah	20-17	Bok P S N Co
N Crosby	2531	Bovey			T Morrison & Co
P Cloutsham	3075	Osborne	Antwerp	20-7	W & A Graham & Co

B I DOCK.

Kasara	505	Elton			M M & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

2 Scindia	3053	Kelso	L'pco'		23-7 W & A Graham & Co
3 Siberien	2032	Gore	Dunkirk	23-7	Bo S N Co
6 Clan Farquhar	3759	Wadge	Dunkirk	18-7	W & A Graham & Co
8 Surada	3400	Alton	Calcutta	19-7	M M & Co
10&11 Devanha	4785	Powell	China	19-7	P & O Co.
15 Madura	1273	Pratt	Basreh	17-7	M M & Co
16 Alavi	2324	Gray	Genoa	18-7	B & P S N Co

H W P D

Sabarmati	524	Ahmed			Bo S N Co

Offside N

Ujina	3425	Hill	Galle	17-7	M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

July	Vessels	Commanders	From
14	Wartenfe's	Reimers	H'burg, June 10
15	R I M S Hardinge	Luck	K'chi, June 13
	Lhasa	McDiarmed	Karachi July 13
16	Bassano	Boxhall	Hull June 18
	Kola	Morrison	Basreh July 8

DEPARTURES.

July	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
15	Chupra	Henderson	Antwerp, &c
	Blake	Hill	Port Said
	D Balduino	Magazz'ni	Jenoa, &c
	Hakata Maru	Nomura	Kobe, &c
	Purnea	Williams	Zanzibar, &c
	Okara	Moth	Rangoon, &c
	Arabia	Palmer	London, &c
	Errington Court	Gleghorn	Karachi
	Australien	Annieran	N'mea via Co'bo
16	Bulimba	Davidson	Calcutta, &c
	Ischia	Belsito	Hongkong, &c

The steamer Egypt, entered for loading on Saturday for London, &c.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

July.	Vessels.	From.
10	Elephanta	Negapatam
12	Thongwa	Straits

DAILY EXPORTS—JULY 15.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Scindia s—4,271 cwts myrabollams, E Oomersey; 123 bales wool, M Ramjidas; 67 bales wool, M Balis: 54 bales wool, H Mitha and Co; 94 bales wool, David Sassoon and Co; 28 bales wool, R Perchand; 135 bales wool C Khiraj.

FOR GLASGOW.

Scindia s—4,500 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Scindia s—215 cwts gingellyseed, J Fachiri.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Scindia s—185 casks skins, Enrico N Steirn.

FOR LONDON.

Egypt s—744 cwts castorseed, A Khimji.

FOR HULL.

Othello s—2,385 cwts castorseed, L Pragji.

Cloutsham s—6,644 cwts wheat, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Clan Farquhar s—6,006 cwts linseed, and 4,000 cwts poppyseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Steenberger s—238 cwts mustardseed, F F Campbell and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Clan Leslie —8,004 cwts rapeseed, 5,000 cwts poppyseed, 4,002 cwts gingellyseed, and 6,006 cwts linseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

Alavi s—115 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 50 bales cotton waste, W Wolf and Sons; 10 bales hemp, C Peraj and Co; 2,012 cwts linseed, Tata Sons and Co; 400 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR GENOA.

Siberien s—2,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros; 3,500 cwts wheat, J Fachiri.

Clan Farquhar s—100 bales cotton, Walter Pavri and Co.

FOR COLOMBO.

Devanha s—187 bales cotton, A Habibbhoy.

FOR HONGKONG.

Devanha s—30 cwts blackaloes, H Dayal.

Ischia s—2 bales twist, M M Essabhoy.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Devanha s—5 1-2 chests opium, G Goomanmall; 5 chests opium, Sassoon J David and Co; 27 chests opium, C Bomanjee and Co; 1 1-2 chests opium, G Sobhagmal; 250 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co.

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BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester, 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoes Brilliant 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey, 125 deg.	4 0 2	do.
White Camelia 125° (in tins)	3 10 0	per two tins.
Elephant, 125 deg. (in tins)	3 10 0	do.
do. 125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 0 0	per 8 gallons
Camel 125 deg. (in tins)	3 10 0	per two tins

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

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Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.
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Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.
Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.
Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

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Secretary and Treasurer.

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ALBUM.—Noel Johnson.
ALBUM.—Guy d'Hardelot.
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*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to The Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

JUSTICE.—A matter for the Maharajahs concerned, not for the general public.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.
Monday, 17th July, 1911.

THE COMMONWEALTH PREMIER.

AMONG the delegates to the recent Imperial Conference for the discussion of the affairs of the Empire and the adjustment of the mutual relations of the Overseas Dominions and Great Britain, the most striking personality was Mr. Andrew Fisher, the Premier of the Australian Commonwealth and the spokesman of the most advanced democracy in present-day politics. A little more than a dozen years ago, Mr. Fisher was a Queensland miner, with a capacity for speech-making which won him a seat in the local Parliament with a stipend of £300 per annum, and since then his advancement has been meteoric, culminating with his advent to London as the representative of the Australian Labour Party and his admission to the inner councils of Mr. Asquith's Cabinet. The Emperor William, who has a troublesome democracy of his own, made the acquaintance of Mr. Ramsay Macdonald at Lord Haldane's luncheon party, a few weeks ago, presumably with the object of familiarising himself with the views of British Socialism. But a brief conversation with Mr. Fisher would have enlightened the inquisitive monarch upon the democratic ideals of the Antipodes, which are far in advance of those of Europe and America, and aim at the production of a situation not precisely suitable to the autocratic privileges of the ruler of the Fatherland. And, despite his optimism, in regard to the promising future of arbitration as visualised through the Anglo-American Treaty, national co-operations for the regulation of the production and distribution of the world's wealth, Mr. Fisher is an ardent militarian, like the German Emperor, and is as determined an advocate of Australian naval expansion as His Majesty was twenty years ago, when he persuaded his subjects that their future was on the sea and that the building of battleships was a necessary concomitant to its development, and in this connection it may be mentioned that no incident in the Labour Premier's British avatar has caused more amusement than the snubbing he administered to a Parliamentarian who is not unknown in India. When Mr. Keir Hardie used the symposium given by the English Labourites to the greater apostle from over the seas, as an opportunity for lecturing their guest upon the inquities of militarism, Mr. Fisher's rejoinder was prompt and unanswerable, being in fact a suggestion that the British oligarch should mind his own business and not intervene in matters beyond his comprehension.

During his sojourn in London, the Australian Premier was naturally an object of considerable attention from those who desired information about the ultimate objectives of Labour politics, and as to the course to be pursued to repair the defeat of the party on the recent referenda. These, it will be remembered, asked for the sanction of the electorate for the popularising of monopolies and the imposition of Federal supremacy in regard to the settlement of all disputes between labour and capital. But the balloting upon these points resulted in a very decisive negative, a decision which was not known until after Mr. Fisher had reported on his British odyssey, and there has been much curiosity concerning his views of the new situation caused by this unexpected reverse. These have been elicited by his English interviewers, and may be briefly described as a determination to enforce the policy of the Caucus by the recapture of the secessionists whose defection influenced the recent voting, and that on his return to Australia, measures will be taken for these purposes. The principal cause of the cleavage in the ranks of the party was a suspicion that the proposed amendments of the constitution were a preface to the abolition of the autonomous administrations of the States, a prospect which aroused local patriotism, as a union upon Canadian or South African principle is the last thing desired by Australians. All the States have coalesced for the purposes of national defence, and Mr. Fisher was probably accurate in attributing the victory of his party at last year's elections to the prominence given in the Caucus platform to the policy of protection inherited from their predecessors in office. But beyond this the colonists are not prepared to go, and any attempts at closer federation would wreck the predominance of the Labourites and cause the indefinite postponement of the remarkable and economic experiments which they are bent upon applying to the Commonwealth. This danger is apparently recognised by their leader, as in these interesting conversations, he stated that collectivism was not the goal in view and that the administrative independence of the colonies would not be impaired by the proposed concessions to the Federal Government. The Australians are now discussing the probabilities of the compromise foreshadowed by these pronouncements, and speculating upon the developments likely to occur when the Central Parliaments reassemble next month, and Mr. Fisher has resumed the command of his cohorts.

But the Premier's oversea experiences have not all been of the roseate hue typified by the Conference proceedings, as among other ordeals, he had to face a deputation from the London Chamber of Commerce, which told him some unpalatable truths regarding the confiscatory land tax imposed by his Government. British capital is largely interested in Australian pastoral affairs, and it was unpleasant to have to listen to a strong criticism of Labourite policy and its probable consequences, and Mr. Fisher showed his resentment when he said to the principal spokesman: "It is no use getting excited. You talk of class taxation and strikes, and that is very offensive to me. You don't know what you are talking about. You don't know what the position of the Australian Government is. We have to consider the welfare of our people which is the supreme law." The particular objective of this measure, whose validity has been upheld by the Federal High Court, is the dissolution of large estates for the purposes of closer settlement, and all that the deputation could extract from the exasperated Premier was a promise to consider their representations with his colleagues, but that there would be no departure from the declared policy of his administration. Mr. Fisher's attitude at the Conference deliberations was in marked contrast to the eloquent optimism of the New Zealand representatives, some of whose proposals were considerably in advance of the Australian ideals or those accepted by the cautious Sir Wilfrid Laurier, but as the published proceedings have disclosed his views, usually expressed with the utmost brevity, have been a dominant factor in its valuable decisions. For, apart from the dubious character of its politics and the desire to produce a democratic millennium, the party under his leadership is thoroughly loyal to Imperial ties and his declarations upon this point, combined with his skilful representation of Australian interests, have strengthened a position which was shaken by the verdict on the referenda. This fact is recognised by the oppositionists who give Mr. Fisher full credit for his successful advocacy of Commonwealth aspirations at the Conference, and if there could be a cessation of the experimental legislation which seeks to revolutionize the relations of labour and capital, the future would be more hopeful from all standpoints. But it is evident that this is not to be, as the referenda defeat will not be accepted without a strong effort to convert it into an ultimate victory, and Mr. Fisher predicates other measures of a more comprehensive character than those already placed in the Federal book of statutes, and so next month will witness a resumption of the activities of the Caucus with no prospect of relief until the general elections two years hence.

OUTRAM'S WIDOW.

THE Dowager Lady Outram, whose death is reported must have been very nearly a centenarian. Her husband, the famous General Outram, passed away nearly half a century ago, and more than three-quarters of a century have passed since they were married in this very city of Bombay. She was Outram's, cousin the daughter of James Anderson of Bridgend in Forfarshire, a brother of Outram's mother. The father of the latter and grandfather of the lady just deceased, as also of her famous husband, Dr. Anderson, was a remarkable personage well known in Scottish life of his times as an enthusiast in agriculture, and one of his practical invention was, what is commonly known as the Scottish plough. He was also an able political economist and in one of his economic pamphlets anticipated Ricards in the statement of the latter's famous theory of rent. His son-in-law, Benjamin Outram, the father of the General, was god-son of the celebrated Benjamin Franklin, who gave him his Christian name, and became an eminent civil engineer, who is popularly supposed to have given his name to tramways, the abbreviated form of Outram-ways, though another and a more likely origin of the word has been suggested. It is, however, certain that he had much to do with the construction of tramways and also of canals, founded the Butterley Ironworks in his own County of Derby, in which he sank his whole fortune. But dying at the early age of forty, he left his affairs in confusion, and his widow had great hardship in rearing her large family of five children. The two sons, both joined the Indian Army, but the elder, Francis, died early, in 1829. The other, who survived to be the heir of several rights, began his career in the army here at Bombay in 1819, at the very early age of sixteen. He had served continuously in this Presidency for sixteen years, when his mother selected for his wife her own brother's daughter, Margaret Anderson, who came out to Bombay in December 1835, when they were soon married. Outram who was then thirty-two had already distinguished himself by taming the wild Bhils of Khandeish, among whom his name is still held in the highest honour.

It was quite characteristic that hardly a fortnight after his marriage, he accepted arduous service in North Gujarat and went to Ahmedabad to quell disturbances that had arisen in Mahi Kantha, leaving his young bride behind at Bombay. She joined him later in the country about the Mahi where at Hersol their only child, the present Sir Francis Outram, was born in 1836. The next year, on account of her dangerous illness, she had to go home with the child, whither Outram was called several times by urgent calls of duty in his desire of following till several years past elapsed. The invasion of Afghanistan was meditated and came in the way of his going home after Mahi Kantha was pacified. He joined the army of the Indus, which marched through Sind, then under its own native rulers, and Baluchistan, to Kandahar and the Afghan country. He rejoined his wife at home in 1843. The next year troubles, which were brewing in the Punjab, brought him here, but his wife did not follow him till considerably later. During his later career she was at intervals in India and when the mutiny broke out she was at Aligarh in the thick of the disaffected area, while her husband, as is well known who was away on his Persian Campaign, was just returning to Bombay. She was accompanied by her son, who had lately come out in the Indian Civil Service, and had a narrow escape fom being captured by the mutineers at Aligarh. She then went to Calcutta where she remained while her husband was engaged in his glorious campaign in Oudh, which ended with the famous relief of Lucknow. For these memorable services he was made a Baronet on 10th November, 1858. Among various honours showered upon the hero one was noteworthy, as it came from Bombay city, and included also his wife. The citizens of Bombay held a public meeting and voted both husband and wife a fitting testimonial. That for Outram took the form of a handsome shield designed and executed by Armstead, the Royal Academician. For Lady Outram the Bombay citizens ordered a complete set of silver plate, including a tea service for ordinary use. Her conjugal happiness came to a melancholy close when Outram died at Pau in the South of France on 11th March 1863.

INDIAN CRICKETERS' FIRST WIN.

AFTER a protracted series of reverses, the Indian cricketers' success at Leicester will come as a relief to their admirers in this country. Leicestershire is not quite in the front rank of English cricket; but the County nevertheless occupies an honourable position in the championship table, and to make a first-class eleven follow on, on a true wicket, is an achievement on which the Indians may with justification congratulate themselves. The details of the match, as supplied by Reuter, show that the Indians going in to bat knocked up the big total of 481, to which Dr. H. D. Kanga contributed a splendid and faultless innings of 163, which included twenty-three fours and was a display of powerful driving and superb cutting. This is the highest individual score and the first century made by any of the Indian batsman. With the exception of the first three or four matches, the vice-captain has been scoring consistently—his 73 against Surrey being one of his most noteworthy efforts—and the prediction we made when the team was finally selected looks likely to prove true, that with his fine hitting powers and an almost impregnable defence, he will probably head the batting averages of his side at the end of the tour. As we have said, it is a victory on which the Indian cricketers might well congratulate themselves and there is little doubt that it will stimulate them to better efforts in the future.

In this connection we are glad to hear that there is every prospect of an English team paying a return visit to India next cold weather. Private advices from Home say that the suggestion made by H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala and Dr. Kanga at the M. C. C. dinner to the Indian team to send an English team to India is looked upon with favour by the officials of that Club, and at present there appears every probability that arrangements will be made for an English team organized by the M. C. C. to visit this country in November or December next. We need not say that the prospect will be viewed by the cricketing public of this country with great delight. It will give representatives of Indian cricket an opportunity of meeting the Englishmen on more level terms. For although they cannot entirely mitigate the poor show which the team had made until it arrived at Leicester, there is no doubt that in England the Indians have suffered from adverse circumstances, which must have affected their game. First of all the programme—probably for reasons which were unavoidable—was unfortunately arranged, as it placed some of the most important fixtures at the beginning of the tour. The programme again is an arduous one, two matches a week placing a strain upon Indian players which they are not accustomed to sustain, while besides the difficulties of the climate they have had to put up with the absence of some of their best batsmen on several occasions. The form they have shown against Leicestershire suggests that they are now learning to overcome these difficulties. We shall look to the rest of their tour to provide more interesting cricket and shall hope for at least one more win before they return.

REUTER wires that the Pope, on Saturday, received in farewell audience, the Right Rev. Dr. Menachery, Vicar-Apostolic of Trichur, and sent his blessing to the flock.

ACCORDING to the present arrangement Sir Thomas Gibson Carmichael, the new Governor of Madras, is expected to arrive at Madras by sea, on Sunday, October 29.

AMONG the passengers, who proceeded to Europe on Saturday, by the P. and O. Co.'s steamer "Arabia," were Sir Edward Baker, K.C.S.I., and the Hon. Sir Arthur Reid, the Most Rev. Dr. R. S. Copleston, Bishop of Calcutta, and Mrs. Copleston.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

NEW FRENCH CABINET.

Protestants in Portugal.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

PARIS, JULY 1.

THE members of the French Ministry who came into office on March 1, only under the leadership of M. Monis, on the fall of M. Briand, have tendered their resignation to the President owing to a defeat, suffered by the Government in the Chamber, on the question of the supreme leadership of the French armies in time of war. M. Caillaux, who has undertaken to form a new Cabinet, is already a very familiar figure in French society. He is prematurely bald, though only forty-eight, and clean shaven but for a dark, upturned moustache. He is always scrupulously well dressed and well groomed, and very alert in his movements, especially when under the influence of a somewhat nervous temperament. He is the son of a Minister of the Sixteenth of May, and entered the Chamber first in 1898, being given the Ministry of Finance in a few months by M. Waldeck-Rousseau. It is to him that the French owe the suppression of the "octroi" on wine, but otherwise his tenure of office was not signalised by any great success, and when he left it few people expected to see him again on the Ministerial bench. He himself, however, was always determined to regain power, and after a long interval he was summoned by M. Clemenceau to take the portfolio of Finance again. Here he was the father of the project, for the new income-tax law, which has hitherto met too resolute opposition in the Senate to pass. He was left out by M. Briand, but was appointed to the same post again by M. Monis. Ever since the creation of the Monis Ministry, it was rumoured that he was preparing to succeed his chief, and events have proved that his ambition was justifiable. M. Caillaux is a most indefatigable worker, but he works as if it were play to him. He seldom left his Ministry before midnight, and when dining out would return and continue at his desk in evening clothes till the small hours. He is extremely well off and fond of entertaining, and many remember the splendid fetes he gave during the Exhibition of 1900. His financial talents are inborn and universally recognised, and he is on the board of several banks and great companies, who requite his services by some four thousand pounds a year. As a recent law forbids Ministers to have any connection with financial establishments, it says much for M Caillaux's wish to serve his country that he should prefer the arduous duties of Prime Minister to those of private adviser to companies. He is self-willed, like most capable men, and without being disagreeable to deal with, when he has formed an idea or an opinion, it is very difficult to change it. In this respect he will be a contrast to M. Monis, and it may be taken for granted that the complaint most often heard lately that the Government did not govern, will not be brought against M. Caillaux if he can find the necessary support. And unless he can he will hardly remain long in the seat of President of the Council.

NEW FRENCH CABINET.

It cannot be said that the new Ministers have a good Press, and it is in vain that one searches amongst the columns of the dozen or so leading newspapers for any words of approval or encouragement towards hoping for better things of the fresh Government than its predecessor could show. Several of the Ministers just appointed will be comparatively unknown to English readers, and the following brief summaries of their careers may therefore be useful. The Ministry of Foreign Affairs, which is one of those which most interests the friends of France abroad, has been given to M. de Selves, and his appointment is as severely criticised as any perhaps. M. de Selves has been employed all his life in civic capacities, and for several years past he has occupied the post of Prefect of the Seine. As was reported yesterday in "The Standard," his administration has not been considered successful of late, and the Municipal Council, reflecting certainly in a large measure public opinion, proposed a vote of censure on him. It was expected that he would shortly be obliged to resign, but his transfer to the Quai d'Orsay will obviate any necessity for this.

The new Minister of Finance, M. Klotz, held that portfolio for a short while in the second Ministry of M. Briand, but was best known as chairman of the Parliamentary Committee for the Revision of the Customs Tariff. It is a high compliment paid to him by a financier of the the consummate ability of M. Caillaux that he should be called upon to take the place vacated by the Premier.

M. Messiny, who goes to the War office, left the army with the rank of captain in the Alpine Chasseurs. He has often showed a great grasp of administrative detail in Parliamentary committees, but his promotion to the Ministry of War will scarcely please the army. He has the reputation of being too military for civilians and too civilian to satisfy the officers.

M. Augagneur, who succeeds M. Dumont at the office of Public Works, is an intolerant Socialist. He was a doctor by profession before being named Governor of Madagascar, where he held somewhat autocratic sway for many years. On resigning he claimed and received a pension for shattered health. His appointment has raised considerable alarm on account of a furious attack made by him last June on M. Briand. He then upheld the rights of the "cheminots" to strike and to be reinstated in no measured language, and as his question is again before the public, it is feared that he may go even further than M. Dumont, whose attitude under M. Monis was much disapproved by the Press. Whatever line M. Augagneur may take, he may be relied upon to pursue it with relentless energy, for he is essentially Minister of the "manière forte."

M. Coubya, who takes the Ministry of Commerce, is a senator well known for his artistic tastes and as a minor poet of graceful muse. He is only 45 years old.

The new Minister for the Colonies, M. Lebrun, is also a young man, who had just been named by M. Monis, Governor-General of Indo-China. He is a distinguished engineer, and whenever he speaks in the House he is listened to with attention. The Ministerial crisis, whilst annulling his chances in the Far East, makes him the chief of all Colonial Governors-General instead of being one himself.

NEW AUSTRIAN PREMIER.

Though the Austrian general elections are not yet quite over, they have already had a result in bringing about a Ministerial crisis, and on Monday the Emperor accepted the resignation of the Premier, Baron von Bienerth, and appointed Baron Gautsch to take his place. This change is the indirect consequence of the reverses suffered by the Christian Socialists. This party is so furious with the German Liberals for having combined with the Social Democrats to oust them from seats in Vienna, that their leaders declare they can no longer work with the German Liberals as before in the Government majority, but will reserve themselves full liberty of action.

Baron von Bienerth's majority in the last Parliament was composed of Poles, German Liberals, and Christian Socialists, and the threatened defection of the latter made it doubtful whether he would be able to pass the important impending measures of army and financial reforms. He could not obtain support from other parties in the House, as the Czechs regard him as the enemy of the Slavs, and the Social Democrats are purely an Opposition. The Emperor, therefore, had to look for another Premier who had not compromised himself as an anti-Slav and who could hope to broaden the basis of the Government majority by finding support outside the Poles and Germans. As stated, the Imperial choice has fallen upon Baron Gautsch, a conciliatory and popular statesman who has been Premier twice before.

Dr. Weiskirchner, Minister of Commerce, and M. Glombinski, Minister of Railways, have also resigned, owing to the reverses of their respective parties, but the rest of the Bienerth Cabinet will retain office under Baron Gautsch. Baron von Bienerth entered office as Minister of the Interior in Baron von Beck's Cabinet in 1905, and held that position until the resignation of Baron von Beck in November, 1907. At the desire of the Emperor Baron von Bienerth formed a new Cabinet, which with various reconstructions, the last being in January of this year, has subsisted until the defeat of the Christian Socialists at the recent general election has rendered its position untenable.

PROTESTANT CHURCH IN PORTUGAL.

A meeting of the English Protestant, Scotch Presbyterian, and Irish Roman Catholic Church authorities was summoned on Friday morning at the British Legation to consider a grave and difficult situation which has arisen in connection with the new Portuguese Church Law. In the absence through illness of the Minister (Sir F. Villiers), Mr. H. Gaisford, First Secretary, presided. He stated that the reason of the meeting was a telegram received from the Portuguese Government, intimating that from June 20 all foreign churches would be expected to comply with the new law recently introduced by Dr. Affonso Costa, Minister of Justice. Compliance with the measure would mean, among other objectionable innovations, that the financial and other affairs of foreign churches would be placed under the complete control of a Portuguese Administrative Committee. A consultation between the Legations has taken place, and it has been decided that each Minister shall make strong representations to his Government, suggesting that no official recognition of the Portuguese Republic be made until the Church organisations of the nation he represents have been completely exempted from the fanatical anti-religious clauses of Dr. Costa's Bill. Circulars of unknown authorship have been distributed in the streets, urging the people to insist on foreign churches being compelled to accept the same treatment as those of Portugal, from which it will be readily understood that the situation is exceedingly delicate. Further information from the Legations is awaited with the keenest interest. Sir Francis Villiers and his colleagues are taking a very firm attitude in the matter, and if necessary will, it is understood, bring pressure to bear on the Portuguese Government to secure liberty and freedom of action for our churches here.

PORTUGUESE RESERVES CALLED OUT.

The electric tramway service at Oporto is at a stand-still owing to the strike of the employees. The municipality has taken over the direction of the tramway company, and has begun to take steps to restore the working of the cars, which so far has proved impossible. The Civil Governor has asked the Government to send military engineers to protect the work of restoring traffic, and the police are taking measures to secure the punishment of all those who infringe the law governing the conduct of strikes. As a measure of preventive policy, the Government have ordered a considerable military display in the north of the country, and have called to the colours the reserves of the last three years.—The Minister for Foreign Affairs replying in the Chamber, on Thursday, to a question put by a deputy regarding the application to foreigners of the Church and State Separation Law, declared that the "status quo" prior to the adoption of the law would be maintained so far as the foreign Roman Catholic communities now in Portugal were concerned.

SURRENDER OF ALBANIANS.

A telegram from Shevket Torgut Pasha, the commander-in-chief in Albania, says the Malissori began to come in with offers to surrender. No details are given with regard to numbers, but in official circles, which have been much preoccupied about the situation in Albania and on the Montenegrin frontier during the last few days, it is believed that affairs have taken a favourable turn, and much relief is exhibited.

At the census which has just been taken in Crete the majority of the Mussulman inhabitants of the island have registered themselves as Ottoman subjects. The Christian inhabitants of the town of Rethymo have consequently held a meeting, at which they called upon the Government to dismiss the Mussulman mayor of the place. It seems probable that the Christian population will demand the dismissal of all the Mussulman employees who have returned themselves as Ottoman subjects. In reply to the protests of the Christians against the Mussulmans having registered themselves in the census returns as Ottoman subjects, the Mussulman point out that most of the Christians returned themselves as Greek subjects and that therefore, their protest is rather double-edged. The matter now appears likely to be allowed to drop by mutual consent.

CARS FOR DELHI.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE".

SIR,—In view of the notices which have appeared in your paper regarding motor-cars for the Delhi Durbar and which are being supplied, or have been supplied, by motor dealers or their agents in Bombay, might we trouble you to give publicity to a little notice about ourselves and the noiseless Napier cars for which we are agents.

We have had the honour to be entrusted with several orders for 4 and 6 cylinder Napier cars for the Delhi Durbar. We recently delivered a 30 h. p. 6 cylinder touring car to a Chief in Kathiawar and a 30 h. p. 6 cylinder Landaulette to a Rajputana Chief, also a 65 h.p. 6 cylinder touring car to a nobleman of Hyderabad. We have orders for two 4 cylinder 15 h. p. colonial type cars with detachable iron wire wheels, and these are intended for two officials of a railway company in Bombay. Two 45 h. p. 6 cylin

THE PEACE MOVEMENT.

REVISED AGREEMENT WITH JAPAN.

Arbitration between France and United States.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 14.

The revised Agreement between Britain and Japan was signed in London yesterday. It contains an additional clause, enacting as follows: "Should either Party conclude a treaty of general arbitration with a third Power, it is agreed that nothing in this Agreement shall entail upon such Party any obligation to go to war with the Power, with whom such treaty is in force."

The preamble says that the British and Japanese Governments, having in view the important changes in the situation since the Agreement of 1905, believe that a revision, responding to such changes, will contribute to the general stability and repose.

The Agreement comes into force immediately, and remains in force for ten years.

There are no other modifications, except that the Article, recognising Japan's paramountcy in Korea, is omitted.

LONDON, JULY 15.

The following stipulations have been agreed upon in regard to the Anglo-Japanese Treaty of 1905.

Clauses A. B. and C. of the Preamble remain unaltered. Articles I and II are unchanged. Articles III, IV, and VI are omitted. Article V becomes Article III, and Article VII becomes Article V. The new Clause, referring to arbitration, is Article IV. Article VIII becomes Article VI, which is unchanged, except for the omission of the words "subject to the provisions of Article VI."

THE OLD AGREEMENT.

The text of the old Agreement is summarised as follows:—

The Preamble stated that the object of the Agreement was the consolidation and maintenance of the general peace of Eastern Asia and India, the preservation of the common interests of all Powers in China by insuring its independence and the territorial rights of Great Britain and Japan in Eastern Asia and in India, and the defence of their special interests therein.

Article I. said that the two Governments whenever their rights and interests were jeopardised should communicate with each other fully and frankly and consider jointly the measures to be taken to safeguard them.

Other articles were as follows:—

Article II.—If by reason of an unprovoked attack and aggressive action, wherever arising on the part of any Power or Powers, either party be involved in war in defence of its territorial rights and interest, the other party will at once come to the assistance of its ally and will conduct the war in common, and make peace in mutual Agreement.

Article III.—Japan possessing paramount political, military and economic rights in Korea, Great Britain recognises Japan's right to take such measures for the guidance control and protection of Korea as she may deem proper and necessary to safeguard and advance those interests provided the measures are not contrary to the principle of equal opportunity for all commerce.

Article IV.—Japan recognises the right of Great Britain to take such measures in proximity to the Indian frontier as are necessary to safeguard her Indian possessions.

Article V.—The parties agree that neither will without consulting the other enter into separate arrangements with another Power, to the prejudice of the objects specified in the Preambles.

Article VI.—Referred to the Russo-Japanese War. Great Britain undertook to maintain strict neutrality and to come to the assistance of Japan in the event of attack by another Power.

Article VII.—The conditions under which armed assistance be rendered will be arranged by the military and naval authorities of the parties who will consult one another fully and freely from time to time.

Article VIII. fixed the term of the Agreement as ten years.

Comment in London.

LONDON, JULY 15.

The renewal of the Treaty between Britain and Japan is welcomed by all parties in Britain. Some of the papers emphasise that it is the happy outcome of the Imperial Conference. It is universally regarded as paving the way for an Arbitration Treaty between Britain and the United States, and for the general extension of arbitration, while confirming our friendship with Japan, and maintaining peace in the Far East. The omission of references to Korea and to Britain's right to take measures to safeguard her Indian possessions is regarded as being due to facts rendering them superfluous.

The *Times* thinks that the alliance will be supported not merely by the British people, but by the peoples of the Empire. That journal emphasises the fact that the Dominions need have no misgivings after this cogent proof of Japan's friendship.

The *Daily News* thinks that few suspected that the revision of the treaty would be so quickly and thoroughly carried out. If, it says, the old alliance had proved an impassable obstacle to Anglo-American Arbitration, an insistent demand for its abrogation would have arisen.

The *Daily Chronicle* says it is clear that the Dominions accept the alliance as best in the common interests of the Empire. It adds that Sir Edward Grey and the Japanese statesmen are to be congratulated.

The *Daily Graphic* says that the result will be a strong impetus in the negotiation of the general arbitration treaties.

The *Morning Leader* thinks that as arbitration agreements become general, their negative effect upon alliances will be increasingly far-reaching and complex.

The Foreign Office publishes Notes exchanged between Sir Edward Grey and Mr. Kato, the Japanese Ambassador, extending for a period of two years, from the 17th instant, the Japanese Commercial Treaty of 1894, so far as it concerns most-favoured-nation treatment as between Japan and Canada.

German Opinion.

LONDON, JULY 16.

The opinion of the Japanese papers on the new alliance has not been received.

The *Berliner Tageblatt* compliments British diplomacy on its extreme cleverness in solving the problem of the renewal of the alliance, which, says the journal, has become practically worthless.

The *Vossische Zeitung* says: "Friendship remains, but obligation to render help has been pierced through and through."

The *Tage Zeitung* declares the alliance is a most important political success for America, which is on the way to become the second centre of the mighty British State system.

WASHINGTON, JULY 15.

President Taft, has expressed his gratification at the signing of Anglo-Japanese Alliance. The State Department is also greatly pleased. It is believed that there will be no obstacle to the Senate ratifying the Anglo-American Arbitration Treaty, when it is submitted.

A Treaty with France.

WASHINGTON, JULY 15.

France has expressed her willingness to sign an arbitration treaty with the United States, similar to that between Britain and the United States. It is possible that both will be signed simultaneously.

LORD KITCHENER AND EGYPT.

Official Announcement of Appointment.

LONDON, JULY 14

Lord Kitchener again made a long call at the Foreign Office to-day. It is believed that his appointment to Egypt will be formally announced early. It is understood that the status and emoluments of the post of British Agent and Consul-General will be increased.

LONDON, JULY 15.

It is officially stated that Lord Kitchener has been appointed the successor of Sir Eldon Gorst in Egypt.

THE GAEKWAR'S PARTY IN LONDON.

A Brilliant Function.

LONDON, JULY 16.

The Gaekwar of Baroda gave a brilliantly attended reception last night at the Ritz Hotel. The Maharani and her daughter received the guests among whom were the Maharajah Scindia of Gwalior, the Maharajah Holkar and the Maharajah of Kuch Behar.

NATIONAL LIBRARY FOR WALES.

Foundation Stone Laid by the King.

LONDON, JULY 16.

King George yesterday laid the foundation stone of the National Library of Wales at Aberystwyth. His Majesty said that Wales had always been remarkable for its energy, self-sacrifice, the furtherance of morals and intellectual and aesthetic ideals. The library would reflect every phase of national life and industries.

THE SHIPPING DISPUTE.

Passenger Rates Advanced.

LONDON, JULY 15.

Many shipping companies at Liverpool have decided as a result of the recent strike to advance passenger rates and possibly freights.

Passenger tickets to America and Canada will be increased by from five to ten shillings.

THE VETO BILL CRISIS.

"Unionists Bluffing."

LONDON, JULY 15.

The *Spectator* is confident that the Unionist leaders do not intend to force the creation of peers, recognising that the talk of a Unionist revolt is the merest moonshine. The journal adds that the whole country knows that the Unionists are bluffing.

THE KING IN WALES.

New Bangor College Opened.

LONDON, JULY 14.

The King, to-day, opened the new University College at Bangor.

THE PERSIAN LOAN.

Underwriters Saddled With Half.

LONDON, JULY 14.

The Persian Loan is at one-half discount. It is stated that the underwriters are saddled with 50 per cent.

BEGUM OF BHOPAL.

LONDON, JULY 15.

The Begum of Bhopal has gone to Geneva, and will later visit Constantinople and Palestine before returning to India.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, JULY 15.

The death is announced of Louise, Duchess of Devonshire, as the result of seizure of the heart while at Sandown Races yesterday.

The death is announced of Lord Bellew.

[The late Charles Edward, third Baron Bellew was born in 1855 and resided at Barmeath Castle, Dunleer, County Louth. He was H. M's. Lieutenant of County Louth from 1898.]

BURMA SOCIETY'S DINNER.

A Progressive Province.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 15.

The Burma Society's Dinner was held at the Waldorf Hotel, last evening, with Sir Frederick Fryer in the chair.

Sir Thirkell White, giving the toast of the Inns of Court, said he was glad that examinations were more searching and he hoped that no students would be called to the Bar unless they were thoroughly equipped by learning, character, and loyalty.

Mr. Scott Fox, Bencher of the Middle Temple, replying, said it was fitting that the Inns should be liberal and wise enough to accept and educate and send forth British subjects of all conditions, races and creeds, and equip them for greater usefulness in their respective societies.

Mr. Taung Phroo, Vice-President, responding for the Society, said that many changes were occurring in Burma, making it a new country with new aspirations. But it did not take second place in loyalty to the British Crown.

Sir Fredrick Fryer stated that the Club, which had been opened in West Kensington, was fully utilised by the students. Lord Crewe had increased the annual subsidy to £200 and he hoped the time would come when the Burmans would run the Society for themselves. The progress of the Province had been great, but it would have been greater if it had been more generously treated. He always argued that the development of public works was highly remunerative. It was a progressive country with vast opportunities.

HOME CRICKET.

Indian Team's First Win.

LONDON, JULY 14.

In the match between Leicestershire and the Indians, Leicestershire completed their first innings for 283, of which Knight made 62. They then followed on making 24 for one wicket.

LONDON, JULY 15.

The Indians beat Leicestershire by seven wickets.

Leicestershire completed their second innings for 248, of which Sharp's contribution was 54 not out.

The Indians then scored 53 for three wickets.

Kent drew with Sussex at Tunbridge Wells but led on the first innings.

Essex drew with Notts at Nottingham, gaining, however, a first innings victory.

Worcestershire beat Surrey by nine runs at the Oval.

Warwickshire beat Northants by 227 runs at Birmingham.

Yorkshire beat Hampshire, at Huddersfield by ten wickets.

Lancashire beat Derby, at Derby, by an innings and 141 runs.

LONDON, JULY 14.

Middlesex beat Somerset, at Lord's, by an innings and 214 runs.

INDIAN POLO TEAM.

Wins the Coronation Cup.

LONDON, JULY 15.

At Ranelagh, to-day, the Indian Polo Association, consisting of Captain Cheape, Captain Shah Mirza, Captain Ritson and Captain Lockett, beat the 4th Dragoon Guards, whose team was composed of Captain Wiart, Captain Hornby, Major Lannowe and Captain Hunter, by 10 goals to 4. The winners completely outplayed the Dragoons.

The Duke and Duchess of Connaught were among the spectators, and presented the Cup.

It is explained that Eton and the Horse Guards scratched in this competition, the Coronation Cup, on account of the staleness and over-work of their ponies.

LONG DISTANCE MATCH.

Won by Champion.

LONDON, JULY 16.

Champion, the New Zealander, yesterday won the amateur long distance championship of five miles, decided in the Thames. His time was one hour, 6 minutes 11 seconds. Battersby was second with time of one hour 6 minutes 25 seconds.

THE BISLEY MEETING.

Canada Wins McKinnon Cup.

LONDON, JULY 14.

The result of the contest at Bisley for the Elcho Shield is: England, 1,644; Ireland, 1,618; and Scotland, 1,583.

LONDON, JULY 15.

In the Bisley competitions to-day Corporal Gebbie, of the 4th Scots Greys, with an aggregate of 154 won Queen Mary's Prize.

The McKinnon Cup was won by Canada. The scores were:—

Canada	1,581
England	1,569
Ireland	1,544
Scotland	1,540
New Zealand	1,509
Guernsey	1,499
South Africa	1,487
India	1,436

LONDON, JULY 16.

After the announcement of Corporal Gebbie's victory in the competition for Queen Mary's prize, Lance-Corporal Clarke, Fifth Lincoln, claimed another shot. This was allowed and Clarke, with a total score of 156, was declared the winner.

MOROCCAN NEGOTIATIONS.

Indemnification Sought by Germany.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 15.

The French newspapers are dropping hints that the conversations between France and Germany, regarding Morocco, turn upon German demands for compensation in Gaboon, or the French Congo.

BERLIN, JULY 16.

An inspired article in the *Koelnische Zeitung* deprecates the German papers taking it for granted that the only possible solution of the Moroccan difficulty is that Germany should seek for compensation in Agadir.

The article says the essential thing is indemnification and that the locality of indemnification is non-essential so long as a genuine equivalent is received.

The *Die Post* and other papers regard this statement with disquiet and declare that Germany cannot sell her vital interests in Morocco for a few pieces of silver.

THE CANADIAN FOREST FIRES.

Refugees' Terrible Injuries.

OTTAWA, JULY 15.

Fresh fires are breaking out in various places in Northern Ontario. The town of Matheson, with a population of 2,300, is doomed.

All Tuesday afternoon and night, men with terrible burns were entering Golden City. Some had their faces charred, and one man had both his arms burned off to the elbow. He died soon after arrival.

Across the lake, at Temiscaming, on the Quebec side, the fires are raging as far as the eye can see.

AVIATOR KILLED AT ALGIERS

LONDON, JULY 15.

The aviator M. Paillote, flying at Algiers, fell and was killed.

CORK BYE-ELECTIONS.

LONDON, JULY 16.

Mr. Tim Healy and Mr. Muldoon have been returned unopposed for North-East and East Cork respectively.

ROYAL ARMY TEMPERANCE ASSOCIATION.

Annual Meeting.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 16.

The Council of the Royal Army Temperance Association held their annual meeting yesterday, the Commander-in-Chief presiding. The heads of the various Military departments attended. The Council expressed its satisfaction at the prosperous condition of the Association, the accounts showing a total income of over one lakh and a balance credit of Rs. 47,000 at the headquarters, while the credit of the branches amounts to over Rs. 2,07,000. The general report was accepted and among other matters discussed were the assistance given to soldiers in finding civil employment and to emigrate to the colonies. Arrangements for the suitable commemoration of the jubilee of the Association in 1912, and for the conduct of the Royal Army Temperance Association at the Delhi Durbar were also discussed. Every British unit will have its own branch in the standing camp there as well as a commodious central institute and mass meetings will also be held.

LEAKAT HOOSEIN AGAIN.

Charged with Breach of Police Regulation.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 16.

A case has been instituted in the Police Court against Moulvie Leakat Hossein, a Swadeshi preacher, for holding a meeting on the 12th July at Beadon Square between 6-30 and 6-50 p.m. in contravention of the police regulation which lays down that all meetings are to be closed within half an hour of sunset.

HON. MR. IMAM ALI'S TOUR.

Will Hear Views on Moslem and Hindu Universities.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY. 26.

The Hon'ble Mr. Ali Imam, Law Member of the Council, will leave Simla on the 28th July on a brief monsoon tour. He will visit Bankipur on the 29th, Bhagalpur on the 31st, Bombay on the 2nd August, returning to Bankipur on the 6th. He will leave Bankipur on the 9th and arrive at Muzzaffarpur on the 10th. Visiting Pusa on the 11th he goes back to Bankipur on the 12th where the Honourable Member will halt till the 17th August. When on tour he will discuss many important public questions with the leading men and it is quite probable that he will collect views and information about the Moslem and Hindu Universities which have now engaged the full attention of the Government of India.

BAGHDAD RAILWAY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JULY 15.

The *Pioneer's* London correspondent wires: "Reuter's correspondent at Baghdad states that Meisseir Pasha, who has been engaged on a preliminary survey of the new section of the Bagdad Railway, will return in October with a staff of thirty engineers of several nationalities, but no Englishmen."

PLANS and specifications of King's Hospital, Calcutta, are ready and the building is to be started at once. It is proposed to finish, at all events, a portion of the building by the time of His Majesty's arrival in Calcutta.

ILLICIT STILLS IN MADRAS.

Clever Arrest by Excisemen.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JULY 15.

On Wednesday afternoon, Otary, (a little suburb of Madras, south of Perambore, mainly occupied by Eurasian railway workmen) was the scene of a clever arrest of illicit distillers by the Excise Inspector for Railways and his Staff. Two houses, close to each other in a secluded place, which are occupied by Mohamedans, were watched for more than two weeks past by the Excise staff and their vigil came to a successful termination on Wednesday. The two Mahomedans, Abdool Kareem and Abdool Rasseth, father and son, were arrested and when their quarters were searched, a distillery, in good working order, was found. Illicitly distilled liquor in various receptacles, bottles jars and other vessels, nearly three gallons in all, was seized. Twenty-five gallons of jaggery wash were found to be in a state of fermentation fit for the manufacture of country liquor. Two complete metal stills were seized, the larger of which was found to be working. The boiler contained wash and liquor which was seen passing from the still into a bottle which was kept in a vessel of cold water. The other paraphernalia appertaining to the distillation of liquor were also seized.

Mr. J. W. Greatorex, Assistant Commissioner, Salt and Abkari Department, Chingleput Sub-division, was present during the house-search and arrest. Abdul Kareem and Abdool Rasseth were lodged in the Perambore Barracks Police Station. After the completion of the departmental inquiries they will be placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate at Egmore.

Abdool Kareem was prosecuted last year by Mr. Viegas for distilling liquor on a large scale in the heart of Georgetown and was sentenced by the Second Presidency Magistrate at Georgetown to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

LATE MAUNG OHN GHINE.

Remains Cremated in Rangoon.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, JULY 15.

The body of late Maung Ohn Ghine, C.I.E., who died in London, arrived to-day at Rangoon by the steamer "Worcestershire." It was cremated on Sunday afternoon, at the Burmese cemetery with pomp, after solemn proceedings.

RANGOON, JULY 16.

Over five hundred gharies of which one hundred and fifty were hired by the staff of the B. B. Trading Corporation followed the specially constructed catafalque on which was placed the handsome coffin containing the body of late Mr. Ohn Ghine, C.I.E., which was drawn by four white horses to the scene of cremation this afternoon. There were over three thousand persons of all nationalities present at the funeral pyre. The ashes will be sent to Benares where they will be sprinkled in the Ganges according to Hindu rites.

SIMLA VOLUNTEERS.

To be Entertained by Sir James Walker.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 16.

Sir James and Lady Walker will entertain all the officers of the Simla Volunteer Rifles and their ladies to a dinner at The Chalet, Simla, on Wednesday the 26th instant.

RECENT BENGAL MURDERS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 15,

Referring to the recent murders in Eastern Bengal, the *Englishman* says: "It would be incorrect to assert that they indicate in any way a return to the conditions that prevailed in India four years ago. Bitterness between Europeans and Indians, as such, has been replaced by large tolerance on both sides, and, in spite of the extremists, the future, at the best on the surface, appears to be full of promise."

THE DELHI DURBAR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 15.

The following *Press Communique* has been issued by the Punjab Government:—"The Coronation Durbar Committee, having received a number of applications from Indians living in the Punjab for accommodation at the time of the Coronation Durbar and for tickets of admission to the various ceremonies in connection therewith, it is notified for general information that all such applications should be made through the Government of the Punjab, otherwise they cannot be entertained."

INDO-CHINESE OPIUM TRADE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 15.

The following *Press Communique* is issued:—"The Government of India understand, from information received from Peking, that the Chinese ports will be closed to uncertified opium with effect from to-day".

CROP REPORTS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 15.

The crop report for the week ending July 8 states that rainfall was heavy and general throughout India, except in the United Provinces and Central India. Agricultural operations have been resumed with the advent of the monsoon and standing crops are doing well. More rain is needed in the Feudatory States where some of the crops are withering, but the prices of fodder and other grain are steady. The condition of cattle is everywhere reported good.

LUCKNOW, JULY 15.

Sufficient rain has fallen during the middle of June to enable sowing to be started in the east of the United Provinces. Elsewhere it was usually insufficient for sowing, but facilitated tillage. The return of strongly marked hot weather conditions towards the close of the month has brought field work to a standstill and is threatening the early sown crops. There are at present no grounds for anxiety, but the prices of food grains are being slightly raised as a precautionary measure.

THE *Civil and Military Gazette* learns from Peshawar, that the Nawab of Dir, who recently attacked Jamdul in considerable force, has captured the Khan of Barwa by a ruse and is detaining him as a close prisoner in his fort at Dir.

MURDER OF MR. ASHE.

Three Brahmins Arrested in Travancore.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

TINNEVELLY, JULY 15.

Mr. Granamuthu, an assistant master of the B. G. M. College, who was a passenger by the same train as the late Mr. Ashe, has identified Iyer as one of the persons present at the platform of the Maniyachi Railway Station.

Four persons who have been arrested in Travancore and for whom extradition has been applied for have been brought to Tinnevelly.

TINNEVELLY, JULY 35.

Mr. Granamuthu, an assistant master of the B. G. M. College, Calicut, accompanied by Mr. A. Tampoe, I. C. S., Headquarters Divisional Magistrate, and the local Police Inspector, proceeded to Maniyachi this morning to point out the place where he observed the accused Sankarakrishna Iyer in the Ashe murder case.

The four persons arrested in Travancore in connection with the case, namely, Hatibari Iyer, Babu Pillay, Desikachar and Jagannatha Iyengar, who have been extradited, have been brought here. Madaswamy Pillay and Shanmugam are still at large.

THEATRICAL DEFAMATION SUITS.

Hearing at Secunderabad.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, JULY 15.

Defamation suits between rival theatrical companies are to be heard in the Garrison. A month ago, the Hans Drewitz Surprise Party arrived and commenced performances at the Military theatre. A week later, another company, styled as the Godwin Roberts No. 1 London Co., appeared. Mr. Drewitz, the plaintiff in the defamation suit, filed a complaint, charging Will Godwin, whom he engaged in London, but who subsequently broke his contract at Bareilly, where he paid £100 as penalty by the order of the Court, with systematically making announcements from the stage which were defamatory. The case came before the Cantonment Magistrate, who suggested an arbitration, which the parties agreed to. It would appear that Mr. Godwin signed an apology, Mr. Drewitz agreeing not to publish the same unless Mr. Godwin committed himself again. It is now alleged that Mr. Godwin has not kept the terms of the arbitration, hence the apology has been published, and a fresh case has been instituted against Mr. Godwin who, among other things, is alleged to have printed notices asking the theatre officials' protection against another "unscrupulous company." Roberts, who is Godwin's partner, is made a co-accused and a bailable warrant has been issued by the Magistrate. The case comes on for hearing on Monday.

THE SONARANG OUTRAGE.

No Arrests Made.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 15.

In connection with the shooting outrage in the village of Sonarang in the Munshiguni sub-division of the district of Dacca, the houses of the late Rai Ananda Chunder Sen Bahadur, Deputy Magistrate, and Babu Jagabandhu Sen, Deputy Magistrate, have been searched. Nothing incriminating was found and no arrest was made.

DACCA, JULY 15.

It is reported that Kali Binode Chakraverti, the third victim in the Sonarang outrage, has since died in the Munshiguni Hospital.

ALLEGED TORTURE BY POLICE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 15.

A case of alleged police-torture is just now being tried by Mr. D. N. Mukherjee, Deputy Magistrate of Bhagalpore. The Sub-Inspector, head constable, writer constable and two constables, comprising the entire police staff of Colgong Thana, have been suspended and are being prosecuted under Sections 330 and 348 of the Indian Penal Code. It is alleged that some time ago, a theft was committed at the Sub-Inspector's quarters. This is alleged to have annoyed him with the result that a dismissed servant of his and two others were marked down as the culprits and illegally detained and tortured to obtain their confessions. The marks of torture were discovered by the Superintendent of the Central Jail during their detention therein pending the trial.

RAILWAY NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, JULY 15.

Sanction has been accorded to the provision by the Rohilkund and Kumaon Railway of six additional goods four-wheeled brake-vans required for the Lucknow-Bareilly line.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

SOUTHERN ARMY ORDERS.

The following orders were issued by Major-General J. B. Woon, C. B., commanding the Southern Army from Headquarters at Ootacamund, under date 11th July.

The following appointments are made:—

Staff.—Major H. R Blore, 4th Battalion, the King's Royal Rifle Corps, to officiate as General Staff Officer, 2nd Grade, 5th (Mhow) Division, until further orders.

27th Light Cavalry.—Captain A. F. Henderson, Squadron Officer, to be Squadron Commander and to remain seconded and Captain G. R. P. Wheatley, Squadron Officer, to be Squadron Commander *pro tem*; vice Major E. W. McK. Ballantyne deceased.

39th King George's Own Central India Horse.—Major H. B. Birdwood, Squadron Commander *pro tem*, to officiate as 2nd-in-Command, vice Major W. D. Daunt on duty with the Imperial Coronation Contingent.

Major A. S. Capper, Squadron Commander *pro tem*, to officiate as 2nd-in-Command, vice Major W. D. Daunt granted leave or until further orders.

42nd Deoli Regiment.—Major F. C. L. Waller, 2nd-in-Command and Squadron Commander, to officiate as Commandant, vice Colonel J. M. Ransom, officiating in command of the Nasirabad Brigade.

33rd Wallajahbad Light Infantry.—Captain B. E. A Pritchard, Double Company Officer, to be Double Company Commander, vice Major H. W. C, Colquhoun, permitted to retire.

93rd Burma Infantry.—Major H. G. L. Corbett, Double Company Commander and officiating 2nd-in-Command, to officiate as Commandant, and Captain W. H. Simpson, Double Company Officer, to officiate as 2nd-in-Command vice Lieut.-Colonel J. A. G. Rainsford, granted leave or until further orders.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY.

The Art's Curriculum.

At the adjourned meeting, to be held to-day, of the Senate of the University of Bombay, a number of amendments will be moved to the Rev. D. Sco.t's motion, regarding the report of the Arts Committee.

Mr. H. J. Bhabha will move the following amendment:

'That to Proposition 3 the following words be added:—"with the following omissions and additions: (i) That "Indian History and Administration" as defined for subject III on pages 13 and 14 of the Intermediate Examination in Arts be removed and and the same provided under "Elementary History of India" in the curriculum of the Matriculation Examination or of the highest form of Upper Secondary Schools. (ii) (a) That subject II "History of England, Political and Constitutional" for the B.A. Degree Examination, given on page 15 of the Report be removed altogether, and the number of subjects for this Examination reduced to two: namely, I English, and II one of the groups of which choice is given under subject III on the same page. (b) That "History of England, Political and Constitutional" together with its definition as given under heading 'Compulsory' page 51 of the Report be substituted for subject III for the Intermediate Examination on pages 13 and 14 of the Report.'"

ENGLISH.

Mr. Bhabha will further move: (i) That the paragraph under "I—English—Two Papers" in the proposed regulations of the Previous Examination at page 7 of the Report be omitted, and the following substituted:—"In English there will be three papers of two hours' duration, carrying 75 marks each, one on the prescribed texts of poetry to be studied in detail, the second on the prescribed texts of prose to be studied in detail, and the third on English composition designed to test the candidate's ability to write English correctly with due regard to the rules of grammar and idiom. The questions of this paper will be based chiefly on the subject matter of an additional book of modern English prose to be prescribed at the beginning of the same academical year and to be read rapidly. The paper shall comprise questions asking for summaries, reproductions, or the substance of episodes, events, descriptions, or arguments given in the additional book, besides other questions on such a free paraphrase of unseen pieces of poetry and prose as would bring out their general meaning in the candidate's own words."

(ii) That the paragraph under "I—English—Two Papers of 100 marks each" in the regulations for the Intermediate Examination at page 13 of the Report be omitted and the following substituted for it:—"In English there will be three papers of three hours' duration, carrying 75 marks each, one on the prescribed texts of poetry to be studied in detail, the second on the prescribed texts of prose to be studied in detail, and the third on English composition. The papers on the prescribed poetry and prose texts shall contain questions of a general kind on the poetic art, style and literary merits of the texts, and on the life, works and literary characteristics of the authors. The questions of the third paper shall be based on the subject matter of two "additional" books of modern English prose to be read rapidly, of which one at least shall be a novel. The paper shall be designed to test the power of writing correct and good English. The answers shall be in the form of short essays and the paper shall contain a larger number of essay subjects than the candidate is permitted to attempt."

(I) That on page 16 of the report, the paragraph under "I—English—Two Papers", compulsory, may be omitted and the following substituted:—"There shall be two papers, one on prescribed poetry texts, and the other on prescribed prose texts, both to be studied in detail. Both papers shall be of three hours' duration and carry 100 marks. These papers shall contain questions on the poetic art, style and literary merits of the texts, and on the life, works and literary characteristics of the authors. The third paper shall be a paper of two hours' duration carrying 70 marks, on English composition, and shall be designed to test the candidate's ability to write correct English. The questions shall be based on the subject matter of two additional books of modern English prose set for rapid reading, of which one shall be a novel, and the answers shall be in the form of short essays. The paper shall contain a large number of questions than the candidate is permitted to attempt. The fourth paper shall be a paper of two hours' duration, carrying 70 marks, on English essay, and shall contain more than one subject on one of which ~~only the candidate will be permitted~~ to write. The fifth paper shall be a paper of two hours' duration, carrying 60 marks, on (1) a general history of the language and (2) a general outline of the history of English literature."

That at page 31 in the paragraph on standards for passing the Previous, Intermediate, Arts and B. A. Degree Examinations, (1) in the first line the words "40 per cent. of the full marks in English and" be inserted after 'obtain,' and in the second line the word 'subject' be removed and the words "of the other subjects" substituted; (2) in the third line the words "provided that subject is not English" be inserted after 'only'; and (3) in the eighth line 'one-third' be substituted for 'one-fifth.'

Dr. N. F. Surveyor will move the following amendment:—That in paragraph 6 of the report of the Arts' Committee the following be added with the necessary changes:

The Senate, on a reconsideration of the matter, is of opinion that the subjects for the B. A. Examination should be (a) English, (b) either a Second Language, or Mathematics, or Physical Science, including Principles of Chemistry, (c) a voluntary group, and requests the Syndicate to revise the proposed regulations relating to Second Language, Mathematics, Physical Science, and History accordingly.

ELEMENTARY EDUCATION BILL.

A LARGELY attended meeting of the Bombay Maharatta Hindus was held yesterday in the Hall of the Lady Northcote Hindu Orphanage, Parel, Bombay, to consider the Hon'ble Mr. G. K. Gokhale's Elementary Education Bill. Rao Bahadur Bilapa Balaram presided.

The Chairman, opening the proceedings, said it was a regrettable fact that the backward classes had failed to take advantage of the facilities for education provided in this country with the advent of British rule, and the general opinion was that these classes would continue to show the same apathy in the future as they had done in the past. The only remedy lay in compulsion. The rapid introduction of primary education in advanced countries in Europe and America had done much to advance agricultural and other industries in which the backward classes had been engaged, and there was every reason to hope that the same results would follow in India on the introduction here of compulsory primary education.

A number of speakers, including Mr. S. K. Bole, Mr. K. R. Koregaonker, Mr. K. A. Keluskar, Mr. Shinde, Mr. D. P. Bankar and Dr. L.B. Dhargalkar addressed the meeting, Mr. Bole said that the enactment of the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale's Bill into law would appropriately commemorate their Majesties' visit to India this year.

The following resolutions were then carried:—(1) That this meeting of the Hindu backward classes held under the auspices of the Maratha Aikyechha Sabha at the Lady Northcote Hindu Orphanage Hall at Chinchpokli approves of the general principles involved in the Elementary Education Bill introduced in the Supreme Legislative Council by the Hon'ble Mr. G. K. Gokhale; (2) that a copy of the above resolution should be forwarded to His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council and to the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale through the President of this meeting.

IT is stated that the Hon'ble Mr. B. N. Basu, on reaching England, ordered a statue of the late Lord Ripon at a cost of Rs. 13,000. It is expected to reach Calcutta before the next sitting of the Congress, and its cost will be paid from the Ripon Memorial Fund raised long ago. The money will be remitted next week.

THE Right Hon'ble Amir Ali, in reply to the letter of the Hon'ble Mahomed Shafi, Government Secretary of the Punjab Moslem League, has cabled his support of the latter's views regarding the inadvisability of the compulsion provision in the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale's Bill which has stated that in the opinion of the League compulsion should not be resorted to.

IMPROVEMENT OF FORT NORTH.

An Urgent Protest Required.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—When is the Improvement Trust going to take in hand the project of improving the Fort North and purging it of those perennial danger spots, the rookeries of plague and other diseases for which that section of the city has already earned notoriety? Fifteen years have passed by since the first visitation of the plague fully opened the eyes of Bombay to the urgent necessity of opening out the congested Northern Fort, by demolishing plague infected houses that were marked out as quite unfit for human habitation, and a sure menace withal to the public health. Yet within the long interval that has elapsed Fort North has remained to this day in all its hideous, packed and insanitary condition as a veritable hot-bed of plague, that is silently taking its toll of human sacrifices, the sum total of which by this time has reached an alarming proportion indeed. As an instance in point, one can refer to the plague mortality figures for April last. In that month the last plague outbreak created havoc in some of the thickly-populated lanes in North Fort, and the worst sufferers in that respect to all accounts were the poor and the middle class people. Particularly, in the Parsee localities there, it carried away this time a number of people from each house it infected. Procrastination in dealing with strong hands with the Fort North has thus proved baneful to the wealth and lives of the hundreds of residents in that section, and it would be rank criminality against sanitation to allow that Ward to remain in its present ill-ventilated, dark and gloomy condition as a sure breeding ground for diseases. It is a slur on the good name of the city that just close to the very gate of India, which is Bombay's boast, an important part of the city like the Fort North should stand condemned all these years as an uncleaned, unsweet, uninviting locality, where malaria thrives and plague runs riot.

No doubt on various occasions in the past, the question of the improvement of Fort North has come up for discussion, but that has led to no result. Paper and ink have been wasted in formulating proposals and counter-proposals, ambitious or moderate, good, bad and indifferent. The late lamented Municipal Commissioner, Mr. Harvey, took a deal of interest in this important question and since that time much has been said, written and suggested on this question. But the time for preaching is now past. It is action that we require good solid action to tackle this question seriously and once for all, not with any ambitious idea, but with due moderation, consistent with what is absolutely necessary. Last month there was a fair discussion on a motion brought before the Municipal Corporation by Dr. Master in this matter to recommend the Improvement Trust to apply itself earnestly to the important task of expediting the improvement of the insanitary sections of the city, including the Fort North. The Trust have many irons in the fire and that may continue to the end of the chapter, but that is no argument why it should keep the utterly defective sanitation of Fort North in abeyance any longer. The Trust will have at all times various calls on its finances, but the call of urgency of improvement that has been raised for Fort North cannot remain unheeded any longer. To tell it to wait for an indefinite time yet, is sheer nonsense. The Trust should devote a good slice of the fifty lakhs of rupees that has been its good fortune to receive from the Imperial Government to the improvement scheme for the Fort North, in fact, it should begin with the most insanitary lanes in that section at once and with earnestness, and should proceed further and further cautiously as far as means permit. The patience of the residents of the locality has been taxed to breaking point already. If there had been in Fort Ward Shethias as of yore, Parsis and Hindus, high and influencial men, they would surely not have allowed the grass to grow under their feet so long. Unfortunately, that element has long been gathered to the majority. The descendents of the rich and potential families of yore have got their residences outside of the Fort, and it is the middle and poor class residents who have to suffer. The attitude of the present Chairman of the Improvement Trust towards this burning question seems to be rather step-motherly. Mr. Orr seems to believe that the Fort North is not in urgent need of being overhauled and the present condition of things can well linger on, he thinks, while the Improvement Trust may go on devoting its time, energy and means to other and more ambitious projects that can safely wait a few more years yet. But that faulty sense of perception on the part of those in authority, can only be corrected, if the intelligent and public spirited residents of that division bestir themselves in the matter for an united and strong protest, not once, twice or thrice, but till the matter of that particular improvement is genuinely and in right earnest taken up by the Trust. It is high time residents shook off their lethargy and appealed direct to the Bombay Government, and I dare say, Sir, that an appeal to Sir George Clarke will not go in vain. His Excellency has the best interests of the citizens at heart. His Excellency deeply deplores the loss the plague entails on the citizens each year, and is anxious, as we know, to see the people saved from its dire clutches. And when before His Excellency's very eyes, Northern Fort is being decimated, so to say, by the ravages of plague, he should be earnestly appealed to see to this wretched condition of things and to direct the Improvement Trust as to what should be the constructive improvements in Fort North and how imperative it is for the Trust to take the same in hand without loss of time. It hence behoves the residents to come out for united action. They should form an influencial committee of their own, should convene public meetings and there ventilate their grievances in such a way as would secure to them the kindly attention of Bombay Castle. Thorough exposure is necessary and I am sorry that indefatigable champion of the cause of the poor and the oppressed, Mr. Dinshaw E. Wacha has, of late, forsaken this improvement question of Fort North altogether. His activities in this respect would have led to some tangible result ere now. And I appeal to my estimable friend, in the name of the residents of Fort North, to make this question his own and rise to the occasion to fight for this righteous cause.

This naturally leads me to report that we have no ratepayers' association in Bombay. No one can dispute the absolute need there is in the city of such an association vigilant and alert, to serve the city's interest in various Municipal matters and other functions pertaining to the betterment of Bombay.—Yours, etc.,

PLEADER.

BANDORA WATER SUPPLY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I learn from the local papers that money is available from a bequest by a philanthropist to provide good water for the public use of the poor, in places where it is badly required. I am a resident of Colliwada, Bandra, and I cannot help being surprised that, although there is plenty of bad liquor to be had for the moral and physical advancement of the poor folk of this corner of the globe, there is hardly a single source from which good wholesome water can be obtained by those unable to pay for it. In Colliwada itself (thanks to the gods of the Abkari Department) there are four grog-shops, within a stone's throw of each other, all doing a roaring business, but there is scarcely one public standpipe or other source, whence good water could be had. It is a pity to see in Colliwada a large number of women of otherwise prepossessing appearance, rendered repulsive by the affliction of elephantiasis, this disease, it is more than suspicious, is due to bad water. During certain seasons of the year, a good deal of merchandise in the shape of firewood, mortar, tiles, coal, salt fish, etc., is brought by boats and discharged on the convenient and handy shore of Colliwada. Business then is very brisk and strings of bullock carts can be seen rattling up and down the beach, with such huge loads as to make the poor miserable "byle" rue the moment they were born. Having such work to do, it would be very desirable to have a water trough at which the poor animals could quench their thirst. If, therefore, any charitably disposed person feels inclined to provide a source whence good wholesome water could be obtained, both by man and beast, it would be rendering an act of charity which would be extremely appreciated by a large section of the Bandra public.—Yours etc.,

SAIK ADAM MAHOMEDALLY MUNIYAR.

Bandra, July 14.

THE LATE MR. M. F. MURZBAN.

MR. MEHERWANJI FURDOONJI MURZBAN, the proprietor of the "Rast Goftar," breathed his last at the advanced age of 85 on the 14th instant. Mr. Murzban was the owner of that journal for over four decades and guided its destiny with courage and devotion, employing it as a medium to propagate reform views in the social matters of his community and as an organ of public opinion to spread views of moderation and conciliation in politics. To give some idea to the reader of the part which Mr. Murzban played in the history of the "Rast Goftar," says a writer in that journal, it is necessary to pass in a bird's eye review the history of the paper prior to the date when its early founders, among whom was Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji, made it over to Mr. Murzban and his late brother. The origin of the "Rast Goftar" may be traced to the reform movement which was pioneered sixty years ago by a band of ardent young reformers with Mr. Dadabhai Naoroji as their champion. The movement was handicapped for want of an independent organ, and the "Rast" was founded under the joint proprietorship of Mr. Dadabhai and the late Mr. K. N. Cama, to spread enlightened liberal views in the community. Mr. Dadabhai supplied the brains and Mr. Cama the money that was needed to ensure success to their venture. The paper was given to contend against bigotry and bias of the orthodox party then in the ascendancy. Its path was way-laid with obstacles that would have damped the ardour of men not endowed with the courage and selflessness of our Parsi reformers. Needless to say, that the experiment at the initial stage was from the financial point of failure, and for many years continued to be a drag upon the purse of its founders. After a few years the proprietary of the paper was enlarged by the addition of six other partners, who conducted the paper till it became self-supporting. A considerable sum, amounting to about Rs. 30,000, was sunk in the experiment, but the brunt of the loss was borne by the late Mr. K. N. Cama, who was out of pocket to the tune of a third of the aggregate loss. The Parsi community to-day is every inch indebted to the self-sacrifice of these redoubtable champions of reform. Through good report and evil, target of ceaseless calumny, they pursued their mission with marvellous tenacity of purpose carrying the torch of illumination in the darkest corners and enlightening them with the light of civilization and reform.

After ten years of precarious existence the paper was made over to the charge of the proprietors of the "Dufter Ashkara" Printing Press, who carried business under the style and title of B. Furdoonji and Co. The paper was from the very commencement printed and published out of this Press which was about ten years its senior in age, having been established in 1840. Of the two partners, Mr. Byramji, the elder brother, retired from business in the early eighties and Mr. Meherwanji Murzban since conducted both the paper and the Press as their sole proprietor.

It is worthy of note that when the change in the ownership was effected in the year 1869, one of the stipulations in the agreement with the new proprietors was loyalty to the British Government, a solemn covenant with which this paper has unswervingly abided through all these years in its advocacy of political progress on the strictest lines of moderation and constitutional agitation. The paper owed its genesis to the reform movement, it was pledged to support the reform party, and its whole history is one continued and consistent advocacy of social reforms which, as successors to the original proprietors, the new owners carried out as a solemn obligation, irrespective of all considerations, save those which they solemnly pledged, to its original founders. The late Mr. Kabraji, who was the editor of the paper from the time that it passed into the hands of Mr. Meherwanji Murzban, and his brother was himself a strong an uncompromising advocate of social reforms. Mr. Kabraji was a bold and fearless critic of questions affecting public policy, whose independence often brought this paper into trouble and litigation. In the book which was presented to the subscribers of the "Rast," during its golden jubilee, Mr. Kabraji publicly acknowledged the help which he all along received from Mr. Murzban, the proprietor, in the latitude which he allowed to his editor for a free and bold ventilation of policy which, as chalked out by its early founders, was one of active reform in social matters and staid and slow progress in political matters consistent with the stability of the British Government in India.

Had Mr. Murzban pursued a mercenary policy or conducted the paper with pure business motives, he would have found it to his advantage to relax the policy with which the "Rast" had identified itself from the beginning. We have no intention to enter here into controversial matters, nor is this an occasion to rake up smouldering embers of controversy, but we would refer the reader to our jubilee supplement in which Mr. Kabraji quoted a list of such law-suits in which the paper was involved with a view to show in Mr. Kabraji's words "the sacrifice of money, time and personal comfort" which as the proprietor, Mr. Murzban, was always ready to undergo for the reputation and independence of his paper. Mr. Murzban was of an amiable and kindly disposition, a steadfast friend and a generous master. He led a strenuous life, and was in harness up to the very last.

MOSQUITOES AND MALARIA.

THE Incorporated Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine has issued an important warning against danger of mosquitoes in the tropics as follows:—

NOTICE TO ALL WHO LIVE IN THE TROPICS.

It has been conclusively proved that "Climatic Fever," Malaria Yellow Fever, Dengue Fever, Coast Fever, African Fever, Endemial Remittent Fever, Bilious Remittent Fever, are invariably present in one form or other in tropical countries.

(a) Hither to it has been supposed that every new arrival in the Tropics must sooner or later get fever. A precisely similar opinion formerly obtained in the now very healthy towns of Rio, Havana, Panama, and other places.

(b) These fevers can all be avoided, as small-pox at home is avoided. They are propagated from man to man by three groups of mosquitoes, the Stegomya, Culex, and the Anophelines. Of all these kinds the first is most house-infesting, and therefore the most dangerous.

(c) The bite of a mosquito should be dreaded as much as that of a mad dog.

(d) The best and most certain cure is prevention, therefore avoid exposure to needless risk.

1—Sleep under a mosquito net.

2—Keep your yards and compounds scrupulously free from stagnant water of any kind.

3—Cut down useless bush and weeds.

4—Remove all water-holding tins, bottles, and similar odds and ends, no matter how small or trivial.

5—Sprinkle paraffin oil once a week on every puddle or collection of water in or near your compound which cannot be immediately drained.

(e) Every resident should help the health authority by guaranteein the mosquito security of his own premises.

(f) Remember, above all, that it is the domestic mosquitoes, those living in and around the towns where you trade, that are most to be dreaded, and that if each resident will do his duty the day is not far off when these fevers will be as rare as they are to-day in Rio, Panama, Havana, and many of the West Indian Islands.

(g) Finally, remember that the future prosperity of the tropics depends upon their health security.

Signed—RONALD ROSS,
RUBERT BOYCE.

REVUE DES DEUX MONDES.

15, RUE DE L' UNIVERSITE, PARIS.

LIVRAISON DU SOMMAIRE DU 1er JUILLET 1911

I.—Ma figure, derniere partie, par Claude Ferval.
II.—L'art de la contre-reforme.—II. ses caracteres Generaux en France, par M. Marcel Reymond.
III.—En Gascogne.—A propos du probleme de la Natalite, par M. le Docteur Emmanuel Labat.
IV.—Le sentiment religieux dans la poesie Francaise co temporaine, per Jean Dornis.
V.—Les cours prevotales (1816-1818), par M. Andre Pallet.
VI.—Trente-trois D'Apostolat au Congo Francais—Monseigneur Augouard, par M. le Baron Jehan de Witte.
VII.—Les Associations ouvrieres de production, par M. Joseph Carneson.
VIII.—Revue Musicale.—L'Heure Espagnole;—Therese, a L'Opera-Comique;—Iberia, a L'Opera;—Congras de Chant Liturgique et de Musique L'Eglise, par M. Camille Bellaigue.
IX.—Chronique de la Quinzaine, Histoire Politique par M. Francis Charmes, de l'Academie francaise.
X.—Bulletin Bibliographique.

SPORTING NEWS.

HARWOOD FOOTBALL LEAGUE.

Bombay Gym. vs. Bombay F. C.

THE match between the Bombay Gymkhana and the Bombay Football Club drew a large attendance to the Cooperage, Bombay, on Saturday and so crowded was the enclosure that, notwithstanding the threatening clouds, many ladies and gentlemen filled the extra chairs which were ranged outside the shelter of the stand. Rain, however, kept off and the spectators witnessed a thoroughly interesting game. In the first half, the Gymkhana forwards were the aggressors and Walker, was tested severely more than once, but, after the interval, the front line of the Bombay F. C. took up the attack and played a good combination game. A feature of the game was the sound defence on both sides, especially on the part of the backs and goal-keepers.

The Gymkhana made the first aggressive movement and Walker, who had effected more than one save cleverly stopped a splendid shot from Cupper. The Gymkhana still pressed and in a goal-mouth tussle Walker fisted out but followed the ball up too far, Findlay saw his chance and from a difficult angle hooked the ball into an undefended goal. A moment later Walker saved from Findlay and the Bombay F. C. backs fed their forwards who made a short-lived rush, for the stemming of which Walts was responsible. The Gymkhana returned to the attack and twice Walker defended his goal against attempts by Barrett and Findlay. Some even but fast midfield play followed and then the Gymkhana once more pressed, Cupper putting in a ground shot which just went wide of the goal a moment before half-time. Score:

Bombay Gymkhana..... 1 goal
Bombay F. C. ..... nil

The second half provided more excitement than the first. After a brief attack by the Gymkhana, the Bombay F. C. left wing got the ball and Barnard terminated the run with an awkward ground shot which Lewin failed to pick up. The Bombay team again came to the attack, although play was fairly even for a time, and then T. Brewin tested Lewin with a tricky ground shot which the latter saved creditably. Still the B. F. C. gave Lewin plenty of work and G. Brewin put in a fine shot from the right which passed into the left-hand corner of the net, Lewin being unable to save. The Bombay as well as pressing appeared to be playing the "one back game" which broke the combination of the opposing forwards. However, the Gymkhana tried hard to equalise and excitement rose high when just on the call of time Barrett equalised with a brilliant rising shot bringing a most evenly contested and interesting game to a close. Score:—

Bombay Gymkhana.....2 goals
Bombay F. C.....2 goals

The teams were as follows:—

BOMBAY GYMKHANA:—Goal, Lewin; backs, Deane and Wilmot; half-backs, Sturrock, Watts and Onslow; forwards, Vidal, Findlay, Barrett, Cupper and Kerr.

BOMBAY F. C.:—Goal, Walker; backs, Harwood and Chapman; half-backs, Schultz, Johnson and Foskett; forwards, T. Brewin, G. Brewin, H. Templeton, Elliott and Barnard.

THE LEAGUE TABLE.

The teams now stand as follows in the League:—

	P	W.	L.	D.	Goals. For	Agst.	Pts.
R. Warwicks	7	7	0	0	43	1	14
R. G. A.	6	4	1	1	20	7	9
Bombay F. C.	7	3	2	2	10	10	8
Bombay Gymkhana	7	2	3	2	20	12	6
Telegraphs	7	3	4	0	7	18	6
Byculla R. Institute	7	2	4	1	4	23	5
B. V. A.	6	1	3	2	2	25	4
Y. M. C. A.	7	1	6	0	3	18	2

RACING.

The Bangalore Meeting.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, JULY 15.

To-day, the third day's races, were run in damp, depression weather, and, the going being heavy, upsets were the order of the day once more. The Maharajah of Mysore's stable took the premier and second honours in the last race.

THE DESERT PLATE; one mile:—

Mr Haji Oosman Sait's William Rufus, 8st 13lbs Meah Jan 1
Mr S N Suri's Bandy Dick 7st 5lbs ..... Abbass Sheriff 2
Lieut-Colonel Dessaraj Urs' Taruk..... 3

Won by a head, 2 1-2 lengths between second and third. Time—2 mins., 2secs.

BETTING:—5 to 2 on Jassus, 2 to 1 against William Rufus, 8 to 1, Bandy Dick, 4 to 1, Taruk, 6 to 1 Priceless.

THE CAMBRIDGESHIRE; 7 furlongs:—

Mr A Hameed's Primos 8st 13lbs .....Randall, 1
Lieut-Colonel Dessaraj Urs' Morning Star 8st 12lbs Melsom 2
Mr Roy Chowdhury's Ruling Passion 10st 2lbs..... Robinson } Dead
Maharaja of Mysore's Master Priam 9st 9lbs..... Brown } Heat 3

BETTING:—2 to 1 Ruling Passion; 5 to 1 against Primos; Red Patch and Master Priam: 4 to against Morning Star and O K; 3 to 1 Cocoa; 10 to 1 Minimus.

Won by 3 lengths, 1 1-2 lengths between second and third. Time—1 min 35 4-5secs.

THE BANGALORE CUP.—Distance 1 1-4 miles.

Mr A M Dass' Bally Maolur 7st 5lbs.....Kuhn 1
The Yuvaraja of Mysore's Miracle 8st 2lbs...Brown 2
Mr A Apcar's Five Crown 8st 11lbs.....Hoyt 3
Mr Mon Mohan's Lady Spring 8st 7lbs .....Firth 4

BETTING:—3 to 1 Lady Spring, 4 to 1 against Bally Maclure and Five Crown, 8 to 1 Miracle and Sporran, 6 to 1 Ardnaghue, 7 to 1 San Remo, 10 to 1 Kismet, 15 to 1 the others.

Won by 1 1-2 length between second and third. Time—1min 14secs.

THE LEONIDAS PURSE.—6 furlongs.

Mr A N Dass', John Wesley, 9st 3lbs.....Fraser 1
The Zemindar of Sivagiri's Black Douglas, 8st 8lbs Barrett 2
Mr A Sattar's Wavehill, 9st 10lbs.....Randall 3

BETTING.—Even money Black Douglas; 4 to 1 against John Wesley, 3 to 1 Wavehill 5 to 1 Reeba, 6 to 1 Sophocles, 10 to 1 Twistum, Sholto, Hva B, and Scotch Mist, fifteens the others.

Won by a neck, a length between second and third. Time—1min 19 4-5 secs.

THE GRANT PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

The Maharaja of Mysore's Merry Bird, 8st 4lbs. Brown 1
The Maharaja of Mysore's Hare Bell, 9st 12lbs. Mr Nicholson 2
Lieut Colonel A Jone's Cowslip, 9st 3lbs. Robinson 3

BETTING.—2 to 1 against Cowslip, 5 to 1 against Merry Bird, 8 to 1 Hare Bell, 3 to 1 Pearl.

Won by two lengths. Time—1min 49 2-5secs.

TOLLYGUNGE CLUB MEETING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 15.

The following are the results of the fourth meeting of the Tollygunge Club Gymkhana:—

BALLYGUNGE BOWL.—Five furlongs:—

Charlotte 1
Melody..... 2
Minnie 3

TALLY HO CUP.—1 1-2 miles, steeplechases:—

Suffragette..... 1
Wait-for-me..... 2
Desmond 3

JIU JIUTSU VASE.—Seven furlongs:—

Pacific 1
Black..... 2
Prince H E 3

PORTLY STAKES.—Three furlongs:—

Sejeodia..... 1
Mr. Pickwick..... 2
Kim 3

MONSOON PLATE.—Five furlongs:—

Northwood 1
Culverin 2
Acorn..... 3

MATCH.—1 mile:—

Loyalty..... 1
Miranda 2

CRICKET.

Bombay Gymkhana vs. Xavierites.

THE annual match between the Bombay Gymkhana and the students, past and present, of the St. Xavier's College, came off on Saturday last, on the Esplanade, in fine weather, and provided some very interesting sport. The Gymkhana were without the services of their first bowler, J. S. Milne, while included among the Xavierites were two players, Chunilal V. Mehta, who captained the Hindus, and D. D. Driver, who placed for the Parsis last year in the triangular contest. The home team going into bat, had made 187 for 5 wickets, when they declared their innings closed. This must be considered a fine total. The innings was productive of two fairly long stands—the first between Phillips and Halliley which realised 50, and the other in which Mackenzie and Purcell added 52. The Collegians had responded with a total of 118 for 6 wickets when time was called.

Phillips' 52 and Mackenzie's 51 (not out) were the features of the Gymkhana batting. Phillips played a fine game, his driving being especially good and his contribution, which included five 4's, was faultless except for a difficult chance which he gave when at 45. Considering the excellent form he showed on Saturday last, it is a little difficult to understand why he should have been left out of the first eleven in the previous match against the Elphinstonians, Mackenzie's unconquired innings of 52 was another fine effort on the Gymkhana side. He had a life when at 3, otherwise he played a faultless game. Halliley was playing sterling cricket and looked good for at least half a century, when in trying to pull a straight one off Mehta to leg, he was clean-bowled. On the Collegians' side, by far the best effort was that of Driver, who played fine cricket for his 37. The rest of the Xavierites preferred to stonewall, and as a result the play at the closing stage of the game was dull in the extreme. The Collegians' fielding was also very poor. The scores:

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

E E Christie, c Engineer, b Desai	...	6
G G James, c Driver, b Cawas Mehta	...	26
G C Phillips, c Mosquovich, b Chunilal Mehta	...	52
W J Halliley, b Chunilal Mehta	...	29
R L Sale, ct Farekh, b Chunilal Mehta	...	4
R T H Mackenzie, not out	...	51
V E Purcell, not out	...	10
Extras	...	9
× Total (for 5 wikts)	...	187

× Innings declared closed.

E C Cumberledge, F R B Brooke (Capt.), M F Nicholson and C G Stileman did not bat.

THE XAVIERITES.

D D Driver, b Mackenzie	...	37
N Pavri, b Stileman	...	12
Sanjana, c Halliley, b Purcell	...	21
Chunilal V Mehta (Capt) c and b Mackenzie		0
B Limbocwalla, not out	...	17
Mosquovich, c Cumberledge, b Mackenzie		5
T Parekh, c Mackenzie, b Purcell	...	1
H Daruwalla, not out	...	12
The rest did not bat.		
Extras	...	13
Total (for 6 wickets)	...	118

BOWLING ANALYSES.

Bombay Gymkhana.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Desai	14	45	1	1
Limbocwalla	7	22	0	0
Cawas Mehta	7	34	2	1
Driver	4	19	0	0
Chunilal Mehta	10	45	0	3
Engineer	2	13	0	0

The Xavierites.

	O.	R.	M.	W.
Halliley	9	36	1	0
Stileman	8	26	2	1
Purcell	6	21	1	2
Mackenzie	7	22	2	3

B. I. TRUST vs. H. M's. MINT.

This match was played on the Oval on Saturday and resulted in a win for H. M.'s Mint by 14 runs.

B. I. TRUST.
1st Innings.

Prabhavalker, run out	...	10
Sorabji, c Pais, b Abban	...	9
Byramjee, st Shanker, b Abban	...	0
Kent, c Pais, b Abban	...	0
Orr, b Mahamood	...	2
D D Bharucha c and b Abban	...	2
Desai, b Abbin	...	0
Shroff, not out	...	11
E B Bharucha, b Abban	...	0
Wadeker, c and b Mahamood	...	2
Chandarana, c Hildreth, b Abban	...	1
Extras	...	12
Total	...	49

H. M.'s MINT.
1st Innings.

Graveston, c E Bharucha, b Chandarana		24
Shanker, c Kent, b Sorabji	...	27
Kamat, c Bharucha, b Sorabji	...	0
Pais, c Kent, b Sorabji	...	0
Hildreth, c Kent, b Sorabji	...	0
Mahamood, c D Bharucha, b Sorabji	...	0
Bagale, b Chandarana	...	0
Robinson, b Chandarana	...	4
Abban, run out	...	2
Cornfield, not out	...	5
Pickwood, b Sorabji	...	1
Extras	...	0
Total	...	63

P. & O. C. C. vs. GRAHAM'S C. C.

This match was played on the Oval on Saturday and resulted in an easy win for the former, by 7 runs.

P. & O. C. C.

Pai V D, c Gordon, b Oliver	...	15
De Sousa, c Harrington, b Arabi	...	8
Stephens H M, b Motiram	...	0
Kendall H M, b Oliver	...	39
Barnes B D, b Oliver	...	3
Rundall, c and b Harrington	...	0
Joshi M D, l b w	...	1
Gujanan, c D Harrington, b Thakore	...	0
Pereira b Thakore	...	0
De Souza, Alexander st	...	3
Khanderao, not out	...	0
Extras	...	7
Total	...	71

GRAHAM'S C C.

Oliver b Pai	...	3
Rodrigues c Pai B DeSouza	...	15
Arabi, c DeSouza, b Pai	...	17
H Harrington, c Randall, b DeSouza	...	7
Gulam Mahomed, c Pereira, b DeSouza	...	0
Knox, c and b DeSouza	...	5
Motiram, c and b DeSouza	...	4
D Harrington, l b w	...	4
Gordon, b DeSouza	...	0
Vaiwoode, b Pai	...	1
Extras	...	8
Total	...	64

THE P. & O. C. C. vs. B. E. S. & T. O. C.

This match was played on the Oval on Sunday and resulted in an easy win for the former; Mr. Pai V. D. played a splendid innings scoring 32 runs to his credit from the P. &. O. C. C.

P. &. O. C. C.

Pai V. D. c Desouza b Winkler	...	32
J. Desouza c and b Winkler	...	7
Barnes B. D. b Winkler	...	8
Kendall H. M. c Kothare b Winkler	...	2
Janion E E. b Hyde	...	4
Stephens H. N. l b w	...	6
A. Desouza, b Hyde	...	0
Pereira c Gordon b Quin	...	16
Khanderao not out	...	9
Joshi run out	...	4
Gujanan c Hyde b Wilkinsin	...	0
Extras	...	3
Total	...	91

B. E. S. & T. C. C.

Quin l b w	...	0
Kothare c Pereira b Desouza	...	7
Winkler b Desouza	...	1
Gordon b Desouza	...	10
Hyde c Janion b Pai	...	29
Shore b Desouza	...	3
Wilkinson c Kendall b Desouza	...	0
Mercado run out	...	7
Desouza b Pai	...	1
Guidera b Desouza	...	0
Correa not out	...	0
Extras	...	2
Total	...	59

HINDU GYMKHANA vs. GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE GYMKHANA.

This match was played at Kennedy Sea Face Hindu Gymkhana ground on Saturday and resulted in a win for the Medical College by 65 runs. Scores:—

HINDU GYMKHANA.

Parshottam, c and b Tata	...	10
Bhagwat, b Dadachanji	...	16
Wagle, c and b Dadchanji	...	13
Talpade, c and b Dadachanji	...	0
Kharwa, b Tata	...	3
Nerurker st b Tata	...	12
Mehta, st b Tata	...	7
Bhatavdeker, st b Dadachanji	...	55
Merchant, not out	...	0
Pilgaoker, b Dadachanji	...	18
Karandiker, b Dadachanji	...	1
Extras	...	3
Total	...	108

MEDICAL COLLEGE GYMKHANA.

H Dastur, b Bhatsodeker	...	8
Y Hildreth, b Bhatsodeker	...	25
H Gimi, c and b Bhatsodeker	...	16
J Krishna, b Bhatsodeker	...	12
P J Cantinwala played in Wagle	...	6
Jostyarkhan, b Pilgaoker	...	26
P Data, st Karandiker b Bhatsodeker	...	36
Dadachanji, l b w Bhagwat	...	22
Grandhi b Bhatsodeker	...	7
Newland, b Bhagwat	...	7
Cooper not out	...	0
Extras	...	8
Total	...	173

HINDU GYMKHANA vs. MAHOMEDAN C. C.

This match was played on Sunday, at Kennedy Sea Face, Hindu Gymkhana ground and resulted in a win for the Hindu Gymkhana by 55 runs. Scores:—

HINDU GYMKHANA CLUB.

R V Kirtiker, c and b Mahomed	...	1
C V Mehta, c and b Mohidin	...	114
V V Kantak, run out	...	56
W B Talpade b Edroos	...	7
K A Date, not out	...	24
R M Gandhy, not out	...	1
N H Kharwa	...	Did not bat.
P C Sukhadia	...	
N B Bhagwat	...	
C Rana	...	
Pilgaoker	...	
Extras	...	14
Total	...	217

MOHAMEDAN C. C.

M Esmail, c and b Rana	...	13
Mandviwalla, b Rana	...	9
K H Contractor, b Rana	...	5
N G Ghunsar, b Pilgaoker	...	1
Shaik Mohamed, st, b Talpade	...	71
Wali Ahmed, c and b Parshottam	...	0
Shaik Edroos, c and b Parshottam	...	3
S Mohidin, c and b Parshottam	...	0
E Bham, run out	...	9
Shaik Ali, not out	...	22
Esmail Khan, b Pilgaoker	...	12
Extras	...	17
Total	...	162

COOK AND SON vs. GAS CO.

This match was played between Thos Cook and Son's C C and Bombay Gas Co's C C on Saturday, 15th July, resulting a win for Thos Cook and Son's C C by one run.

BOMBAY GAS CO. C. C.

Edwards, c Deva Rao, b Jervis	...	8
Challis, b Jervis	...	0
Pais, b Jarvis	...	1
Chonker, c Wadke, b Michael	...	0
Words, b Jervis	...	6
Sadanand, b Jervis	...	3
Pithale, c Ragueah, b Sripad	...	11
Kale, run out	...	9
Penker, st, b Shivarao	...	1
Kashinath, b Shivarao	...	1
Dayanand, not out	...	0
Extras	...	0
Total	...	40

THOS. COOK AND SON'S C. C.

Vaidya, c Kashinath, b Pithale	...	3
Wadke, c Challis, b Sadanand	...	12
Chandaverker, b Pithale	...	3
Ragueah, c Chonker, b Sadanand	...	2
Jervis, st	...	4
Sripad, c Chonker, b Edwards	...	2
Harvey, self out, b Pithale	...	1
Chikramane, c Challis, b Pithale	...	0
Shivarao, l-b-w	...	4
Gangolli, not out	...	10
Michael, c Kashinath, b Challis	...	0
Extras	...	0
Total	...	41

FOOTBALL AT CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JULY 15.

In the second round of the Indian Football Association Challenge Shield competition, the Rifle Brigade beat Bristol United by a goal to nil and the Royal Scots drew with East Yorks. A heavy downpour of rain interfered with the games.

THE STRONGEST MAN CHAMPIONSHIP.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SECUNDERABAD, JULY 15.

The match of the strongest man championship of India between Dr. Ismaulla, late of Poona, and Professor Himat Baksh of Punjab will take place here on the 29th and 30th July. A great deal of interest is centred in the match which four British officers will judge. The parties have put up Rs. 500 stakes a side and the winner will take all the gate money. The tests will be weight-lifting, chain-breaking, tug-of-war, stopping a motor car and a cart over the chest.

THE FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Tenerife Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	.....	Via Bhamo Interrupted.	Via Lisbon St, Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 16th July, 1911.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H	M,	Time Occupied in Transmission. Hrs,	Mr.
Turkey ...	15	23	50 p. m.	3	30
Teheran ...	16	11	5 p. m.	0	20
Suez ...	16	12	55 p. m.	0	59

Telegrams for Arispe, Babicora, Itytes, Huimanguillo, Cardenas and Cunduacan, Mexico will not be accepted until further notice (14-4-11).

Telegrams for Rabat and Casablanca in Morocco are subject to very great delay (12-5-11).

Bhamo route to China interrupted between Tsuyung and Tunnanfu and Tunnanfu and Weining beyond Indian Frontier (12-7-11).

Moulmein route to Siam via Raheng restored (15-7-11).

Zanzibar Mombassa cable interrupted (11-7-11.)

Borasjoon reports line to Ahwaz interrupted beyond Ramhormaz since 9-30 a.m. (14-7-11.)

TRADE MARK 'VANA' BRAND
TONIC WINE

A powerful nutrient and tonic for nerve and brain.

It creates a rich supply of red blood, from which the whole system draws new vigour and vitality.

Persons convalescent after f

THE DANGERS OF DYSENTERY.

How to Overcome Them.

Next to Malaria, there is no doubt that Dysentery is the most potent source of anxiety to the resident in India. There is no need to dilate on its symptoms, or the intense pain it causes, for these things are among everyone's commonest experiences.

Even when the disease is accurately defined, and there is not the slightest suspicion to assume, as Sir Joseph Fayrer, in his book on "Preservation of Health in India," says: "Diarrhœa sometimes means incipient cholera," it is, nevertheless, imperative to be on one's guard, and, after arresting the progress of disease, to build up the strength so as to enable the patient to withstand the ravages made by the complaint, and to safeguard him against a return. This is particularly the case with children, for, as the physician who wrote the well-known little book, "How to Keep Well in India," remarks: "All diarrhœal ailments require very special care in all tropical climates. Apparently simple at their commencement, they may reduce a child within an ace of death within less than twenty-four hours, and, if it survives, may stunt its growth even for years."

Naturally, no ordinary individual would dream of treating such cases himself, and all sufferers from Dysentery seek the advice of their physician. He invariably follows the routine treatment laid down by Sir Joseph Fayrer of prescribing ipecacuanha, followed by Dover's powder and quinine, with perfect rest in bed, slop diet, coupled with the arresting of any sudden relaxation of the bowels by astringents, combined with a few drops of laudanum. Eventually, time comes when it is necessary to begin building up the strength and getting the vital forces which have been reduced to a low level to burn with their normal brightness and revivifying warmth.

For this purpose, what is essentially needed is a preparation which will supply the weakened digestive organs with food they can easily deal with rapidly assimilate, and so transmute into new tissue, while, at the same time, it specially feeds the brain and nervous system, which have been depleted of their life-giving and energising phosphorus. Many combinations have been tried to achieve this object. Only of late years, however, has science succeeded in discovering a preparation which does this in an absolutely thorough, complete, and successful manner. It has achieved this desideratum by combining the bodybuilding element of pure milk with glycero-phosphate of sodium, the form in which phosphorus is found in the brain and nervous system.

Given separately, these substances would soon destroy even strong digestive organs and produce dyspepsia. When they are chemically combined, however, they aid the digestion in a very marked manner, and, acting both on the nervous and physical side of the body at the same time, they rapidly restore the individual to complete health and strength.

The preparation made this way is Sanatogen, which is universally recognised by the medical profession as the most revitalising and the greatest reconstituent substance in the world. It has received the written endorsement of over 12,000 doctors, including ten physicians to crowned heads of Europe, and it is commonly spoken of as "the tonic food with lasting effects," for the reason that, unlike other tonics, the results it produces do not depart when it has been left off. Indeed, doctors have shown by innumerable cases that it has the remarkable power of putting the body into such a condition that the vital processes can go on normally without the aid of further medicine, a matter of no little importance to the individual.

Not only does Sanatogen supply the body with a substance which is all food with no waste, so that the lost tissues are rapidly restored while the nervous system is revitalised and the lassitude incident to Dysentery completely banished, but it also exercises so profound an impression on the bloodmaking organs, that it stimulates them to remarkable activity. The result is that, as the distinguished physician, Sir William Gowers, among others, has pointed out, the red blood corpuscles multiply with remarkable rapidity, frequently reaching an increased total of half a million per cubic centimetre in a fortnight, with an increase of two per cent. of hæmoglobin, the vital red colouring matter of the blood per week. This improvement in the quality and quantity of the blood soon results in the patient losing his pale, waxy, wan complexion, and taking on a healthy, strong, rosy, robust look.

Thousands of letters have been received from doctors as well as from patients testifying to the beneficial effects of Sanatogen in Dysentery. From among them the following may be quoted:

Dr. H. H. W. Hart, Hapur Remount Depot, Bahugarh, United Provinces, writes: "I have much pleasure in certifying to the value of Sanatogen in cases of Dysentery and other exhausting diseases. I have used it regularly in my practice for the past two years, and in no single instance have I been disappointed with its results. I can honestly affirm that many of the worst cases owed their recovery to Sanatogen."

An exceedingly interesting pamphlet, "The Englishman in India," which contains further information on this subject, and on others of vital importance to all residents in India, will be sent, free, on application to the Sanatogen Company, (of London,) Box 226, G.P.O., Bombay, mentioning the "Bombay Gazette."

Sanatogen may be obtained of all Chemists and Bazaars.

DIVORCE INSURANCE.

The "Divorce Insurance Company, Unlimited," is stated by the "New York World" to be the latest business venture in New York. Mr. Frederick Thompson, who will be president of the Company, informed a reporter that the corporation papers were being drawn, and within thirty days his new plan would be a reality. He said the company would begin its career with dolls. 1,000,000 in the treasury, and would have in its directorate a score of men whose names are familiar from Maine to California.

"The prime purpose of the new concern," he said, "is to alleviate a most deplorable condition, for it is deplorable that husbands and wives find it necessary to continue living in wedlock because they have not money enough to live apart. The Divorce Insurance Company, Unlimited, will have men and women solicitors, the men to approach brides-elect, the women to sell policies to the bridegrooms-to-be. Young Percival Hardup's engagement to Dorothy Spender has been announced. The Divorce Insurance Company, Unlimited, will see the engagement announcement in print. In a day or two one of our women solicitors will call on Percival. She will point out the cold figures as to the happiness-expectancy of marriages contracted at his age and on his income. As I recall it, this expectancy for ten-dollar-a-week clerks at the age of twenty-one is a trifle more than eighteen months.

"Of course Percival will spurn the idea that his love for Dorothy can grow cold. But our solicitor will point out how simple it will be for him to guard against event so improbable an outcome of his ideal marriage. For a sum as low as fifty cents a week he can take out a policy in the Divorce Insurance Company, Unlimited, which will protect him absolutely. At any time he wishes to obtain a divorce or faces a suit by his wife, his policy will guarantee travelling expenses to an easy divorce State, the hiring of efficient counsel and alimony to the victorious party. The Divorce Insurance Company, Unlimited, will foot all the bills. While Percival is being signed up, Dorothy, in her father's home in the Bronx, is hearing virtually the same proposition from one of our men solicitors."

Mr. Robert Christison, of Burwell Part, Lincolnshire, and late of Lammermoor, Queensland, has, through the Agent-General of Queensland, telegraphed to Sir William MacGregor, the Governor of the State of Queensland and Chancellor of the University of Brisbane, his willingness to contribute a further £1,000 (having already given £1,000) for the foundation of a Chair for Tropical and Sub-Tropical Agriculture. He attaches the condition that the Government or individuals should subscribe at once enough to warrant the Senate in proceeding with scheme. It is hoped that Australians who are visiting and living in England will respond liberally to this scheme, which, if carried into effect, would be a fitting memorial of the Coronation and a great boon to the young agriculturists of Australia.

BY THE WAY.

ALIEN PEERS.

Prince Giustiniani-Bandini, who visited England with the Princess for the Coronation, is one of three British peers whose families have, by residence, by marriage, and by other associations, extending over several generations, become virtually alien to the United Kingdom. The others are Viscount Taaffe, who lives in Bohemia, and whose father was Prime Minister of Austria, and Lord Fairfax of Cameron, whose ancestors for nearly two hundred years back were settled in the United States, though he had no difficulty, about three years ago, in satisfying the Committee of Privileges of the House of Lords that the title, honour, and dignity of Lord Fairfax of Cameron in the Peerage of Scotland rightfully belonged to him. Prince Giustiniani-Bandini, who lives in Rome, is the undoubted Earl of Newburgh, that title being, like Lord Fairfax's, in the Peerage of Scotland. Viscount Taaffe's is in the Peerage of Ireland, so that none of these gentlemen, although they may be entitled to receive invitations to attend the Coronation ceremony in Westminster Abbey, could sit in the House of Lords unless first they had been elected Representative Peers, or created Peers of the United Kingdom.

CADET SHIPS' VOYAGES.

One by one British ocean-going cadet ships are arriving home from Australia. The London-owned four-masted barque "Medway"—she is a big 2,500-ton vessel, heavily sparred—came into the Thames some time ago after a passage from Sydney of 101 days. In mail week the White Star line's full-rigged training-ship "Mersey" arrived in London, also from Sydney. The "Mersey," a graceful white painted craft fitted with wireless telegraphy, carries about 60 cadets. Her homeward run has occupied 105 days. Close behind the "Mersey" came the other London training-ship "Port Jackson," which in mail week ran up her flags off the Lizard. She, too, was bound from Sydney to London.

A PARDONABLE ERROR.

Mr. Masterman, in his evidence at the North-West Ham election petition, was betrayed into a very pardonable error by referring to his position of Under-Secretary for the Home Department as that of a Minister. Under-Secreteries of State are virtually Ministers, and are in reality appointed by the Prime Minister. They are, however, appointed technically not by the Crown on the recommendation of the Prime Minister, but by the Heads of their respective Departments. A member of the House of Commons does not vacate his seat on his appointment to an Under-Secretaryship, since that position is not an office of profit under the Crown. There is, however, a very stringent statutory provision that if, when there are four Under-Secretaries in the House of Commons, another member accepts the office of Under-Secretary, his seat shall be vacated or he shall not be re-eligible, while four other Under Secretaries continue to sit in the House of Commons.

FAMOUS FRENCH ARTIST.

Among the foreign artists who were present in London in Coronation week, none is more interesting than M. E. Louis Gillot, who has a commission from the French Government to paint a picture of the Naval Review at Spithead, which is to be presented to King George. Also give his impression of the scene in Westminister Abbey on Coronation Day. He has already made elaborate studies of the interior of the cathedral, and these promise a striking and original picture. The finished canvas will be compared with the official painting which Mr. Solomon J. Solomon is to prepare, although probably the great Frenchman will work under fewer limitations than those which hedge round the appointed recorder of such an occasion. M. Gillot recently had the dramatic experience of being made a Knight of the Legion of Honour by the French President while standing before one of his own great canvases in the Salon. In France, he has gained a reputation to be envied by the power of his studies of great industrial works, with their tall chimneys and flaming furnaces, some of which have been painted in this country. He is represented in London by a brilliant picture of the visit of M. Loubet to the Guildhall, which now hangs in the French Embassy there. Of the many painters on the grand scale in France, there is none who is attracting more attention or receiving more important commission.

THE UBIQUITOUS GERMAN.

In Piccadilly Circus one afternoon in mail week a French gentleman, in his best English, asked a neighbour to be so kind as to tell him the way to Burlington House; and the answer came:—"Dinna fash yearsel', mon! A'm thinkin' ye'll no gae wrang if ye keep straight on." "Sacrebleu!" muttered the Frenchman into his moustache as he hurried away, "How these sacred dogs of Germans are everywhere!"

THE HOUNDSDITCH AFFAIR.

Now that the conviction against Nina Vassileva has been quashed—as it was by the Court of Appeal in mail week—the series of trials arising out of the Houndsditch affair are concluded, and one can survey the net result. There have been many artists many releases many inquiries, long hearings before magistrates, inquests, trials and doubtless secret searches of a thoroughness difficult to imagine and in the end not a single person has been convicted. There has been immense difficulties in the case and most people will be ready to believe that the police and the detectives have done their very best. Some critics may think that the acquittals after long detentions (much to be regretted, but perhaps inevitable), of so many suspects, who must now be assumed to be innocent, showed rather excess of zeal than defect. Public opinion, however, on a calm review will hold, that everything that could be done has been done, and done well and fairly. After all, as Mr. Justice Grantham pointed out, three of the malefactors are accounted for—Gardstein and the two men who perished in Sidney-street, and if one accept the view that the learned judge has approved that there was no such person as Peter the Painter (as distinct from one of the three who are dead), then justice may be said to be in large degree satisfied. After all, we may be proud of the conduct and course of the trials. The police, though eager, have not even been accused of unfairness. Mr. Justice Grantham was careful to see that men should not be convicted merely because they were undesirable aliens, and if he erred in the solitary instance of Nina Vassileva, his error was easily accounted for, and has now been set right. Clearly, aliens have not cause to complain of English justice.

THE SHAKESPEARE BALL.

There were direct descendants present in mail week at the Shakespeare ball of Lord Pembroke, Lord Buckhurst, and other famous Elizabethans, but in some cases, though a celebrated name has survived, the present holders are not direct descendants. Mr. Bacon, of the American Embassy, for instance, who represented Sir Francis Bacon, does not descend from him, as Bacon had no issue of his marriage, the present Sir Hickman Bacon, premier Baronet of England, being descended from his half brother. Likewise Sir Francis Drake left no children, the present Sir Francis Fuller-Elliott-Drake being descended from his brother Thomas. Nor is the Hon. Mr. Alfred Lyttelton, who appeared as Lucy Harrington, the wife of the third Earl of Bedford, a descendant, as has been stated, of that lady, who died without issue. Apropos of Elizabethan ancestry in connection with Shakespeare, there is none more interesting than Lady Ramsay-Fairfax-Lucy's. She is in the direct line of descent from the original of "Justice Shallow," and still possesses Charlecote Park, which was her ancestor's in Shakespeare's time.

PHYSICAL CONDITIONS OF MARS.

At the recent meeting of the American Philosophical Society, held in Philadelphia, two important papers were contributed to the astronomical section. Professor Arrhenius discussed the physical conditions of the planet Mars, directing attention to the many similarities that exist in the surface markings of the planet with those our globe would present seen under the same circumstances. These resemblances have led to the conclusion that Mars is inhabited, a conclusion that has met with marked approval in certain quarters. The Swedish professor pointed out that the obvious is often the incorrect, and expressed his opinion that the latest investigations of the astronomical and physical characteristics did not support the view that similar conditions obtained on Mars and the earth.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

FRILLS AND FLOUNCES.

We are told, says a writer in the "Pall Mall Gazette" during mail week, that we are to wear flounces. Most authorities contradict each other nowadays, and sometimes, when they do agree, we refuse to listen to them—I know that quite well. Now and then we must be perfectly maddening, we who wear what they commend when we are good—we who shrug a pretty shoulder or freeze with a cruel cold stare when their favourite creations are not to our liking; we who, when we are naughty, say we prefer a hated rival, and go and prove it. I wonder nobody has written before on the cruelties of the smart woman where the powers that be of dress are concerned. We hear so much of the barbarous rule of the said authorities, but what about rebellious slaves? The tyranny of the bowstring and the sack is not for us nowadays, and I cannot help thinking that "the said authorities" know it, and that is why within reason, they give us—I was just going to write "so much rope," but that is too nearly allied to the bowstring metaphor?—well, too much license. They let us out to play about like Nellie Bly's fly, on a long . . . . And here I am back again in the realm of string! Let me start afresh; they give us so much choice among their varied wares that if we rebel there are a hundred other vogues to turn to. So that it is not often we can refuse all, is it?

FLOUNCES OR NO FLOUNCES.

Whether we shall refuse flounces remains to be seen. When I say we, I don't mean you, nor even myself. (It is extraordinary how little one's own talk matters, so soon as one takes to writing for other people!) I mean Society in general, for there are many sorts and conditions of flounces, and it is not as if it were a mode only to be expressed in one particular form. So that if we all elect to be frilled, frilled we can be, and no two of us alike. If we wave them away, then the individual (not the general "we"), the "you and I" among women, can adopt the suggestion and please the authority or authorities who favour it, and as a matter of fact, this has happened already, and with a certain section of "le beau monde" flounces are an accomplished fact. It is amusing to notice how carefully they make their way! You see, scantiness is still the rule, and so on no account dare any of the boldest frills be overfull! They must be laid on almost flat, and, since nothing must be bunchy, the plisse frill perforce plays a larger part. Likewise, since nothing of the kind may yet be insistent, the plisse frill is generally small and unobtrusive, and the flounce still tries to pretened it is a wide insertion or a superposed band, the hem of a drapery or the border of a skirt.

A RETURN TO PICTURE MODES.

It is all so amusing, Fashion is so funny sometimes. If you asked an average man he would tell you Fashion is brazen nowadays, brazen with "the check of cold-drawn brass," as Mr. Kipling says even at her demurest. But few men know (and those who know ought not to do so, unless they belong to "the said authorities") how very nervous she can be at times. Myself, I want to lead her—blindfold if she is really so frightened—to the Wallace Collection, and there push her in all among the Watteau, Le Brun, Boucher, and Nattier pictures, the exquisite miniatures of "a lady unknown" of the same times the adorable dames of the Pompadour type and they (and the day before, and the day after) and say to her "Look, look—and, oh let us look like that!" In my enthusiasm I jot down each name as it occurs; I tie myself (and you) to no regular and definitely dated periods. Only in those tall, cool, dim rooms the other day, standing behind two smart women in ultratmodern attire, I looked over their shoulders at Nile. Comanga dancing, and turning away I caught the eye of the serpent-subtle, adorably wicked sleepy Sophie Arnold of Greuze and I nearly burst out laughing. "Ah" les beaux jours . . . jetais is malheureuse. One remembers that, and one does not laugh quite in the same way,

CHANTILLY LACES.

The lace flounce is always adorable. The fine, filmy Chantilly, some eighteen inches deep, with something of the infinitely dainty, sensitive, elaborate grace of the dancer ("a nice artificial eighteenth-century sentiment," wrote R. L. S. to his mother once), that forms a hem to the creamy "wrung chiffon" of an under-dress, over the whole of which goes a long coat of antique tinted Mechlin, "scooping up" at the front and back to show not only the black lace beneath, but something of the chiffon from which it floats, the quaint, indescribably wrinkeld sleeves and corsages of finest, clearest black tulle that peep through it, are enshrined among some of my happiest eye-memories of late. And then we—oh yes—a Chantilly sash, a narrow slip of lace that slid through the other lace and tied itself into a fantastic bow or two before falling loose. Delightful, the lace bow! Tiny lace bows are such dears!—scraps of things of three-quarter inch insertion, very spider's-webby, of course, or a continuation of tulle loops and lace ends, all able to lie on half a crown. But I escape from my flounces. I saw the oddest the other day, but it struck me as new, and I must put it in—a flounce standing on its head, as it were, for it did not hang from a heading the heading was at the foot (a footing), and just slightly gathered, so that the upturned flounce concluded in a ripple of little "godets," after the fashion of the velvet ribbon edging a hatbrim, and being lightly fluted in consequence. These same ripples werecaught here and there without effort only enough to keep them in place, to the point d'esprit frock this taffetas flounce adorned. And there was a fichu of the taffetas too, a fichu that might be a coatee—it depended how you looked at it; anyway, it suggested a coatee at the back, but it was a crossed and draped fichu in front all scanty and Rasburnesque, and edged with a frill (a frill is a little flounce, of course) of the esprit net arranged upside down along its edge, just like the taffetas flounce at the foot. This is one of those tiresome gowns over which I berate my capacity—or incapacity—for describing. But there it was, and "mighty pretty" too! To conclude with: Apart from the three-tiered skirt, with its flounces of broderie Anglaise in taffetas (which model attracted much notice in Paris not long ago), the gown, which is draped in the following manner, is rather pleasant: A short tunic is caught in above the knees by a deep band of guipure (or rather, a flounce with as little fulness as possible), and below that another flounce with slight fulness, this time composed of chine silk veiled with the same transparency that forms the tunic, ninon with a tiny self-coloured spot. So pretty!

The High Class Washing Material.

'VIYELLA.'

(Reg.)

DOES NOT SHRINK.

The new Shirt Blouses in 'Viyella' mark a great advance on those of previous seasons. The "Viyella" cloth remains of the same delightful softness, and in the patterns and colorings of the material, the latest fashions have been used with the happiest result.

From leading Drapers and Stores, or name of nearest sent by "Viyella" 24-25, New Gate Street, London.

SCIENTIFIC NOTES.

CLIMATES OF THE PAST.

To account for the remarkable changes in the past climate of the globe revealed by geology, various theories have been brought forward. It cannot be said, however, that anyone of these is generally accepted. None, so far as the present state of our knowledge permits us to decide, explains satisfactorily all the facts. One of the most interesting of these theories is that of Arrhenius, which attributes cold and warm climatic cycles to varying amounts of carbon dioxide and water vapour in the air. And in a recent contribution to "La Nature," of which an abstract is given in the "Scientific American," M. Robert Douville critically examines Asrhenius's theory of glaciation.

INFLUENCE OF CARBON DIOXIDE.

The facts on which this theory is based are certain experiments which show that carbon dioxide and water vapour are more opaque to heat rays reflected from the earth than to those coming directly from the sun. In other words, they act like the glass of the greenhouse in, so to speak trapping the sun's heat. The heat rays coming direct from the suns pass easily through the envelope of carbon dioxide and water vapour surrounding the earth, while some of those reflected back from the earth are stopped. And the greater the amount of these gases the greater the amount of heat retained by the earth. Experiments have proved that this is so.

WARM AND COLD CLIMATES.

Hence an atmosphere rich in carbon dioxide and water vapour will produce a warm climate, while their comparative absence will produce a cold one. Arrhenius maintains that a diminution of CO by one-half would lower the temperature of the earth by 9deg. F. Half of this effect, however, would be due to the associated reduction of water vapoure. Further support for the theory is afforded by the spectroscopic study of absorption bands in the atmosphere. These show that the greater the amount of carbon dioxide present the greater the amount of heat radiating from the earth which is absorbed and thus retained.

HOW IT MIGHT BE INCREASED.

Thus it would appear that if, from any cause, the atmosphere became rich in these heat-absorbing gases, a warmer climate would result. If their amount diminished greatly glacial conditions would be brought about. So far, the theory is unassilable. But we must further inquire what evidence there is that variations in the amount of these gases of sufficient magnitude may have actually occurred. The chief source of the supply of carbon dioxide being volcanic activity, which also brings up much water vapours it is suggested that periods of intense volcanic action would be followed by a warmer climate. Again absence of such activity, and the locking up of carbon dioxide by abundant vegetation would be followed by lowering of temperature and final glaciation.

GEOLOGICAL EVIDENCE.

That volcanic activity should have so varied seems extremely improbable, and there is no evidence from the rocks that it has done so in the past. There are, it is true, periods marked by much outpouring of volcanic matter, but these are local and not worldwide as the theory would require. In support of the theory, however, it is to be noted that the glacial periods of the Upper Carboniferous, Permian, and Tertiary follow ages when enormous quantities of carbon dioxide were taken from the atmosphere by luxuriant vegetation now represented by coal and lignite.

THE ATOM OF MAGNETISM.

Certain experimental facts have led to the conclusion that electricity is atomic in its nature, and to its smallest particle the name of electorn has been given. Thus an atom of hydrogen has been found to carry with it under certain conditions a definite quantity of electricity, in other words, an electron. In a recent contribution to the records of the Paris Academy of Science, M. Pierre Weiss suggests that there is also an atom of magnetism which he proposes to call the magneton. His experiments appear to show that atoms of iron, uranium, &c., contain definite quantities of magnetism. The amount of magnetism in the atom is the magneton. The connection between elecricity and magnetism is suggested by the theory that the latter is caused by the revolution of an electron round each atom. In this case a magneton is the amount of magnetism produced by one electron.

EVOLUTION OF THE STELLAR UNIVERSE.

Some interesting suggestions as to the nature of the stellar universe are given in Prof. Kapteyn's address to the Dutch Scientific Congress. Taking the stellar system as a whole, astronomers have determined two directions in which the stars are drifting. These have been held to be two directions of motion developed in a system originally one. Prof. Kapteyn, however, as a result of his investigations suggests that this double drift of the stars is due to the encounter of two systems originally independent.

WHERE THE FORCE OF GRAVITY FAILS.

The origin of the stars, he further suggests, must be looked for not in the planetary nebulæ, but rather in the spiral nebulæ, such as those of Orion and the Pleiades. Perhaps the most remarkable of the ideas put forward by Prof. Kapteyn in his able address, is that regarding the primordial matter out of which stars are evolved. All known facts, he contends, indicated that the so-called universal force of gravity exerts no influence on this matter. Comparing the two stars drifts it is found that one is richer in stars than the other. In the drift of lesser star density this primordial matter is more abundant than in the opposite drift of more numerous stars.

A CURIOUS MACHINE.

The following is an extract taken from the issue of the "Globe" for June 30, 1812, a highly-interesting experiment was made with a machine at Leeds, under the directions of Mr. John Blenkinsop, the patentee, for the purpose of substituting the agency of steam for the use of horses in the conveyance of coals on the iron railway, from the mines of J. C. Brandling, Esq., at Middleton, to Leeds. This machine is, in fact, a steam engine of four horses' power, which with the assistance of cranks turning a cog-wheel, and iron cogs placed at one side of the railway, is capable of moving, when lightly loaded at the speed of ten miles an hour. At four o'clock in the afternoon, the machine ran from the coal-staith to the top of Hunslet Moor, where six, and afterwards eight waggons of coals, each weighing 3'1-4 tons, were hooked to the back part. With this immense weight to which as it approached town, was super-added about 50 of the spectators mounted upon the waggons, it set off on its return to the coal staith, and performed the journey a distance of about a mile and a half, principally on a dead level, in 23 minutes, without the slightest accident. The experiment, which was witnessed by thousands of spectators, was crowned with this complete success, and when it is considered that this invention is applicable to all rail-roads, and that upon the works of Mr. Brandling alone the use of 50 horses will be dispensed with, and the corn necessary for the consumption of at least 200 men saved, we cannot forbear to hail the invention as of vast public utility and to rank the inventor among the benefactors of his country. The eight waggons of coal brought to Leeds at the launching of the machine was, by order of Mr. Blenkinsop, presented to the General Infirmary.

THE RAT PLAGUE.

The Local Government Board has issued belated reports upon the rat plague in Suffolk, and appears—unlike the special correspondent of the "Times," who has published a series of interesting articles on the subject—to take the danger very calmly. There is one passage of the report which suggests that the "Times" is right in saying that local authorities are not able unaided to deal with such visitation. "In the infected area," the report says, "rat destruction was hampered by the failure of some owners of property to co-operate." It is, no doubt, true, as the report comfortingly adds, that human infection from rats is exceptional; but it does occur, and when it does it may, as Siberia has shown us, spread with terrifying rapidity.

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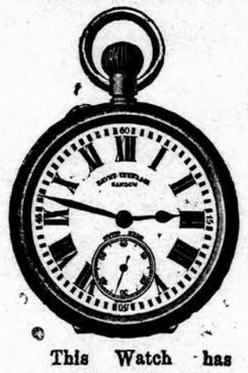

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